



FIELD OF STUDY

MANAGEMENT AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING

specialization: Management and Food Engineering

Modules full-time second-cycle studies for the recruitment of 2021/2022

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Decision making theory
Language	English
Type of the course	elective
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	I
Semester of study	1
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	3 (1.88/1.12)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD Zbigniew Kobus associate professor
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Technology Fundamentals
Objective of the course	Providing knowledge on identifying and solving decision-making problems. Developing skills in using methods and techniques for creatively solving production and business problems.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. The graduate knows the methods of graph and network theory as well as decision trees necessary to understand the principles of knowledge representation in the field of planning, scheduling and management of production processes.
	2. The graduate knows the methods of modelling decision-making situations in the case of strategic games under conditions of risk (risk management) and under conditions of uncertainty (playing with nature, playing with a partner). Knows the principles of representing uncertainty in the management of production processes. Skills:
	1. The graduate is able to develop a conceptual model, determine the space of possible decisions, define preferences, determine selection criteria and use decision trees to formally represent knowledge in the field of evaluating possible strategies. 2. The graduate is able to make decisions in conditions of risk and uncertainty based on mathematical models.
	Social competence:
	1. The graduate is ready to work in a group.
	2. The graduate is ready to pass on his knowledge.
Pre-requisites	Operations research
Course contents	Lectures: Anatomy of the decision-making process: the idea of rational choice - values, preferences, goals of the decision-maker. Programming under risk conditions. Programming under uncertainty - zero-sum two-person games, games with nature. Decision trees - structure, sequential decisions. Methods for reducing uncertainty. Time inconsistency of decisions. Selection strategies. Assessment pitfalls. Nonlinear optimization problems - algorithm for determining local extremum. Classes include:
	Making decisions in conditions of risk and uncertainty. Determining mixed strategies and Nash equilibria in complex decision situations. Decision making based on decision trees. Solving nonlinear optimization problems. Psychological problems in decision-making - time inconsistency, determining risk propensity.
References	Basic literature: W. L. Winston. Operations Research: Applications and Algorithms, Cengage Learning, 2022. Supplementary literature:

	Dixit A.K., Nalebuff B.J.: The art of strategy. Game theory in
	business and private life. MT Business
Teaching methods	Lectures in the form of a multimedia presentation
-	Classes - solving accounting tasks, using the MS Excel package
	to create decision trees.
	Teaching methods - discussion, demonstration of performing
	subject tasks.
Assessment methods	K1, K2 – colloquium, oral answer.
	S1, S2 – assessment of correct calculations and proper reasoning
	during exercises and tests
	SC1, SC2 – participation in class discussions, group work during
	classes, observation of student involvement.
	Form of documentation: instructor's diary, reports, tests,
	examination papers.
ECTS credits balance	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	- preparing to classes – 28 hours, 1,12 ECTS,
	The total student workload is 75 hours. which corresponds to 3
	points of ECTS.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
participation of an academic teacher	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	The total number of contacts is 47 hours, which corresponds to
	1.88 ECTS.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 – ZI_W02
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W04
	S1 – ZI_U03
	S2 – ZI_U04
	SC1 – ZI_K01
	SC2 – ZI_K02

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Decision Support Systems
Language	English
Type of the course	elective
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	I
Semester of study	1
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	3(1.88/1.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	PhD Zbigniew Kobus associate professor
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Technology Fundamentals
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide knowledge on the ability to
objective of the course	formulate problems and use knowledge management methods in an enterprise. Acquiring practical skills in designing and effective use of IT decision support systems in the field of financial and production
	analyses.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: The graduate knows formal knowledge representation systems and understands the role of computer models in knowledge management and supporting decision-making processes using adaptive systems with built-in automatic reasoning mechanisms and knows methods of coding knowledge in a rule-based system, in probabilistic networks (Bayesian networks) and in the form of sets blurred. Skills:
	 The graduate is able to develop a formal model of a selected issue, implement this model in the GeNIe Modeler environment and conduct simulation experiments using automatic inference methods built into this system. The graduate is able to propose a model structure in the form of a rule-based knowledge base. Is able to encode knowledge in the form of fuzzy sets. Is able to use these models in terms of information support for management.
	Social competence:
	1. The graduate is ready to work in a group.
	2. The graduate is ready to pass on his knowledge.
Pre-requisites	Operations research
Course contents	Lectures include: Basic concepts and definitions regarding formal knowledge representation systems. Probabilistic networks, knowledge coding principles, inference methods. Knowledge representation in the form of discrete variables. Implementation of computational procedures. Rule-based knowledge representation. System structure. Knowledge coding. Inference methods. The concept of a fuzzy set. Fuzzy inference. Decision making in a fuzzy environment. Network classification and their applications. Classes include:
References	Creating conceptual models of various practical issues. Application development and simulation experiments with computer models. Basic literature: O. Pourret, P. Naim, B. Marcot: Bayesian Networks: A Practical
	Guide to Applications, John Wiley & Sons, 2008 Supplementary literature: GeNIe Modeler programmer's manual

Teaching methods	Lectures in the form of multimedia presentations
	Classes - solving accounting tasks, simulations in universal high-
	level programming languages (GeNIe Modeler)
	Teaching methods - discussion, demonstration of performing
	subject tasks
Assessment methods	K1 – colloquium, oral answer.
	S1, S2 – assessment of correct calculations and proper reasoning
	during exercises and tests
	SC1, SC2 – participation in class discussions, group work during
	classes, observation of student involvement.
	Form of documentation: instructor's diary, reports, tests,
	examination papers.
ECTS credits balance	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	- preparing to classes – 28 hours, 1,12 ECTS,
	The total student workload is 75 hours. which corresponds to 3
	points of ECTS.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
participation of an academic teacher	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	The total number of contacts is 47 hours, which corresponds to
	1.88 ECTS.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 – ZI_W04
learning outcomes of the field of study	S1 – ZI_U03
	S2 – ZI_U04
	SC1 – ZI_K01
	SC2 – ZI_K02

Field of study	Management and Production Engineering		
Name of the training module including the	Management and Production Engineering		
Polish name	Język obcy specjalistyczny 1 - Polski Foreign Language specialist 1 - Polish		
Language of instruction	English/Polish		
Type of the training module	obligatory		
Level of the training module	Second-cycle studies		
Form of studies	S – full-time		
Location in the programme (year)	I I		
Location in the programme (semester)	1		
Number of ECTS credits with a division into	2 (1.28/0.72)		
contact/noncontact	2 (1.20/0.72)		
Name and surname of the person in charge	MA. Ewa Badurowicz		
Unit offering the subject	Foreign Languages Teaching and Certification Centre		
Aim of the module	Development of language competence in accordance with the		
Aim of the module	Common European Framework of Reference for Languages		
	(CEFR). Improvement of language competence in specialized		
	vocabulary.		
	Development of the ability to communicate correctly in a		
	professional environment.		
	Knowledge transfer necessary to apply advanced grammatical		
	structures and techniques for working with foreign-language		
	source text.		
Learning outcomes	Skills:		
	S1. Communicating effectively in professional settings and		
	everyday situations		
	S2. Being able to discuss, argue, report and interpret events of		
	daily life		
	S3. Reading with understanding and analyze foreign-language		
	source texts in the represented scientific field		
	S4. Preparing and delivering a presentation related to the field		
	studied.		
	Social competences:		
	SC1. Understanding the importance of lifelong learning		
Preliminary and additional requirements	Speaking the foreign language at the level in accordance with the		
	Common European Framework of Reference for Languages.		
Contents of the training module – a compact	Classes conducted as part of the module include the expansion		
description	of specialized vocabulary in the represented scientific		
	discipline, students will be prepared to read with understanding		
	professional literature and work independently with source		
	texts, as well as to prepare and deliver a presentation related to		
	the studied field of knowledge.		
	The vocabulary will also be expanded during the exercises and		
	previously acquired skills in self-presentation, interests, life in		
	society, modern technology and professional work will be		
	practiced.		
	The module also includes the practice of advanced grammatical		
	and lexical structures in order for the student to achieve		
	efficient communication.		
Recommended and obligatory reading list	Primary literature:		
	1. "Polski Krok po kroku" Iwona Stemperek, Anna		
	Stelmach – podręcznik do nauki języka polskiego		
	Poziom 2		
	2. "Hurra!!! Po polsku 3" – Małgorzata Małolepsza,		
	Aneta Szymkiewicz		
	3. "Polski w pracy" Małgorzata Małolepsza, Aneta		

	"O ekonomii po polsku" Magdalena Szelc-Mays, Paweł Długosz - podręcznik		
The intended forms/activities/ teaching methods	Lecture, discussion, presentation, conversation, grammar-translation method (specialized texts), communicative and direct method with special emphasis on communication skills		
Methods of verification and documentation forms of the achieved learning outcomes	S1 – evaluation of oral statements in class S2 – evaluation of oral statements in class S3 – written test on the knowledge and use of specialist vocabulary S4 – assessment of oral presentation SC1 – evaluation of the preparation for classes and activity during classes, critical evaluation of the presentation given Documentation forms of the achieved learning outcomes: midterm test kept for 1 year teacher's register kept for 5 years Assessment criteria are available in Foreign Languages Teaching and Certification Centre		
Balance of ECTS credits	CONTACT: Class participation: 30h Office hours: 2h Total contact: 32h/ 1.28 ECTS NONCONTACT: Class preparation: 12h Preparation for tests: 6h TOTAL NONCONTACT: 18h / 0.72 ECTS There are 50 hours of the total student workload which is equal to 2 p. ECTS		
Number of contact hours	Workload related to activities requiring direct participation of academic teachers: - participation in classes - 30 hours - participation in office hours - 2 hours A total of 32 hours, which corresponds to 1.28 ECTS credits.		
Relating modular learning outcomes to directional learning outcomes	S1 - ZI_U10 S2 - ZI_U10 S3 - ZI_U10 S4 - ZI_U10 SC1 - ZI_K03		

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering		
Course title	Organization of production system		
Language	English		
Type of the course	obligatory		
Level of study	Second-cycle studies		
Form of study	S – full-time		
Year of study	I		
Semester of study	1		
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	5 (1.96 / 3.04)		
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	PhD. Magdalena Kachel-Górecka associate professor		
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Machinery Exploitation and Management of Production Processes, Faculty of Production Engineering.		
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with basic concepts of establishing and running an enterprise and the organization of production conducted in it (tax forms, inputs in production, the role of manager and his approach to employees, production process, types of production, demand analysis, etc.		
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. economic, legal and social issues that enable the description and analysis of the processes of production; the student has the knowledge of management including quality management, project management, strategic management and business management		
	technical and physical foundations and chemical processes adapted for the field of study of Management and Production Engineering Skills:		
	1. find, analyse and use necessary information from various sources and in various forms appropriate for Management and Production Engineering		
	2. explore and apply modern information technologies to acquire and process information in the field of production and provision of services		
	3. assess, independently, thoroughly, theoretically and taking into account many aspects, present situations and is able to take actions to solve the arising or expected problems in the field of Management and Production Engineering		
	Social competence: 1. organise and direct work of teams (projects, tasks, etc.) and organisations in and outside of the work environment; the student is aware of his/her responsibilities regarding the above		
Pre-requisites	knowledge of mathematics and microeconomics		
Course contents	Lectures: 1. Introduction to issues of production organization. 2. Presentation of basic concepts of the production system; needs analysis, their development and degree of satisfaction, forms of needs, analysis of human behavior as buyers of goods on the market. 3. Lean Management. 4. The economic process and its basic links, enterprise, production system. The essence and tasks of organization of production processes.		
	5. Parameters of the production process. Characteristics of the input and output process in the production system. Material, energy and information connections as elements of the production system.		

I I	
	6. Surrounding the production system. Production and manufacturing process. Production factors. 7. Production, production and administration structures. Rules for building a production and administrative structure. 8. Production planning and control. Management of systems and production enterprises. Property (of enterprises, farms).
	 9. Expenditure - forms of input and their types. 10. Costs - differences between costs and expenses. Classes: 1. Topics and organization of exercises in the subject as well as
	the conditions and method of passing. 2. Demand forecasting in the context of determining the production program, methods of estimating future demand, demand and the production program - tasks.
	 3. Optimization of the enterprise's production program - gross margin method. Production organization assumptions. Choice of production direction, production volume. 4. Production process. Creating the structure of the selected
	process according to technological phases as well as parts and assemblies. 5. Process documents. 6. Production cycle planning; the cyclogram and its use to
	determine the finished product execution plan. 7. Planning of material needs - MRP. 8. Optimization of the production program. 9. Production control with the use of cards - Kanban.
	10. Total equipment efficiency - OEE indicator.
References	Obligatory literature: 1. Pascal Denis. Lean Production Simplified, Third Edition CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2015. 2. Jefrey K. Liker. The Toyota Way: 14 Management Principles from the World's Greatest Manufacturer. ISBN
	 978-1260468519, 2003. 3. Karen Martin and Mike Osteling. Value Stream Mapping: How to Visualize Work and Align Leadership for Organizational Transformation. ISBN-13: 978- 0071828918, 2013.
	 Recommended literature: Pascal Denis. Lean Production Simplified, Third Edition Jefrey K. Liker. The Toyota Way: 14 Management Principles from the World's Greatest Manufacturer Karen Martin and Mike Osteling. Value Stream Mapping: How to Visualize Work and Align Leadership for
Tanahing mathods	Organizational Transformation
Teaching methods Assessment methods	Lectures, group work K1- written test, K2- written test,
	S1- written test, S2- assessment of design tasks, S3- assessment of design tasks, SC1- assessment of the student's work as a member of the team
	performing project tasks Forms of documenting the achieved results: written test, notes from the lecturer, exam.

ECTS credits balance	CONTACT
	Form of classes Number of hours ECTS points
	1. Lectures 15, ECTS 0.60
	2. Classes 30, ECTS 1.20
	3. Participation in the consultation.
	2, ECTS 0.08
	4. Exam 2, ECTS 0.08
	Total contact time: 49 hours 1.96 pts. ECTS
	NON-CONTACT
	Form of classes Number of hours ECTS points
	1. Preparation to quarter aud. 10, ECTS 0.40
	2. Preparation for lab quarters 16, ECTS 0.64
	3. Studying the letters. 20, ECTS 0.80
	4. Preparation project, 15, ECTS 0.60
	5. Preparation for the exam 15, ECTS 0.60
	Total contact: 76 hours 3.04 points ECTS
Workload related to classes requiring the	Participation in lectures – 15 hours
direct participation of an academic teacher	Participation in classes – 30 hours
	Participation in consultations – 2 hours
	Participation in the exam – 2 hours
	Total 49 hours which is 1.96 points. ECTS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1-ZI_W02
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2-ZI_W03
	S1-ZI_U01
	S2-ZI_U03
	S3- ZI_U09
	SC1- ZI_K01

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering		
Course title	Design of food products		
Language	English		
Type of the course	obligatory		
Level of study	Second-cycle studies		
Form of study	S – full time		
Year of study	I		
Semester of study	1		
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	5 (1.96/3.04)		
contact)	,		
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Professor Marian K. Panasiewicz		
the person responsible for the course			
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Food Engineering and Machines		
Objective of the course	The aim of the subject "Designing food products" is to familiarize students with the stages of food product design from the creation of an idea to serial production and with the types of innovations used, as well as with the factors guaranteeing success or failure, taking into account the quality of new food and the legal aspect of admitting it to marketing. The student		
	participates in the development of technology for obtaining a new product, taking into account the quality of the product, its composition and packaging, health safety and durability, as well as the economic aspect - profitability of production. Additionally: acquiring food design skills in relation to flavor compositions, list of ingredients and nutritional value. Acquiring knowledge in the field of developing technologies for obtaining new products and dishes, taking into account the product quality, its composition and packaging, health safety and durability.		
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: K1. Knows the legal and organizational basis of business entities, institutions, associations and organizations related to food production. Classifies the factors determining the burdensomeness of various forms of work in individual and global terms.		
	K2. Diversifies basic concepts and knowledge regarding the principles and procedures for developing recipes for innovative products, dishes, dishes and drinks.		
	Skills:		
	S1. Characterizes and classifies factors determining the success		
	of introducing and accepting new products and dishes.		
	Identifies food safety problems at all stages of food production.		
	S2. Recognizes biological, physical and chemical hazards of		
	food.		
	Social competence:		
	SC1. It shapes self-discipline and self-esteem, as well as a		
	sense of responsibility for the health and safety of oneself and		
Deference	other people.		
References	Obligatory: 1. Chukwuebuka Egbuna. Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals. Publishing house. Springer Nature Switzerland AG, 2021. 2. Trojanowski T. Marketing mix of food industry enterprises. (eBook). Publishing house. Uniwersytet Jana Kochanowskiego. 2020.		
	3. Campbell-Platt Geoffrey. Food Science and Technology. Publishing house. John Wiley And Sons Ltd., Wiley John&Sons Inc.2020.		
Pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of economics, mathematics, chemistry.		
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Course contents

Lectures include: 1. The concept of a new product, functions and features of products, product life cycles, product and buyer needs, consumption needs and directions of their development. Goals of designing new food products. 2. Stages of designing a new product. Discussion of individual design stages. Idea generation, selection and selection of ideas (concept testing). Product design, its composition, production methods and type of packaging. Market testing, economic analysis. Design correction. Commercialization of a new product - producing a prototype, developing a marketing plan, starting production, implementing the marketing plan, serial production. 3. Elements of product management. Ways to find a place on the market for new products. The role of market and consumer research. Costs of introducing the product to the market. Examples of introducing new products to the market - successes and failures and their causes. 4. Product innovation. Factors shaping product development, trends in the development of new products. The impact of new food processing and preservation technologies on the innovativeness of food products. Technical solutions of machines and the impact on the innovation of food products. 5. Recipe and product innovation. Design and analysis of the raw material composition and food additives used. Quality management in product implementation and development. 6. Packaging as an element of quality assurance and promotion of a new product. Packaging design - style, shape, material, graphic design. Packaging functions. Packaging marking. Packaging and environmental protection. 7. Discussion of the legal conditions for introducing new foods to the market. Basic legal regulations regarding novel foods.

Classes include: Introduction to food product design. Getting to know the exercise program, rules for passing exercises, and basic design issues. 2. Stages of designing a new food product. Getting to know the individual elements of product creation and starting practical development of a new food product. 3. Designing a new food product. Development of composition and production methods, taking into account good production and hygiene practice and legal regulations. 4. Product packaging. Packaging design, development of the shape, size of the packaging, its style, selection of materials, graphic design and marking in accordance with the requirements. 5 Topic of the exercise: Verification of the food product design and preparation for implementation Practical verification of food product design and planning of activities aimed at introducing the product to the market, elements of marketing strategy - development and implementation marketing plan, production profitability. Presentation of new food product designs. 6. Modification of existing food products. Practical analysis of a selected food product and its modification in terms of new requirements and needs of consumers, taking into account innovative solutions. 7. Legal regulations regarding introducing a new food product to the market. Getting to know the current legal regulations regarding the introduction of a new product to the market, tracking legislative changes, new legal regulations.

reaching methods	muitimedia pre	esentatio	iis, discussion
ECTS credits balance			Contacts
	Lecture	15 h	0.60 ECTS
	Classes	30 h	1.20 ECTS
	Consultations	2 h	0.08 ECTS
	Exam	2 h	0.08 ETCS
	Summary	49 h	1.96 ECTS

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	No-contacts		
	preparing the project 30 h 1.20 ETCS		
	literature research 15 h 0.60 ECTS		
	preparation for the test 15 h 0.60 ECTS		
	preparation for the exam 16 h 0.64 ETCS		
	Summary no-contact 76 h 3.04 ECTS		
	Total 125 h – 5 ECTS		
Workload related to classes requiring the	Participation in lecture – 15 h.		
direct participation of an academic teacher	Participation in classes -30 h.		
	Participation in consultations –2 h.		
	Participation in exam – 2 h.		
	Total 49 h - 1.96 ECTS		
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 ZI_W06		
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 - ZI_W03		
-	S1 ZI_U04		
	S2 ZI_U05		
	SC1. ZI_K01		

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Modelling of production processes
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	I
Semester of study	1
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	4(1.88/2.12)
contact)	(1100) 2112)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD Zbigniew Kobus associate professor
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Technology Fundamentals
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide knowledge in the field of
objective of the course	modeling and simulation of production processes.
	Familiarization with the methodology of designing and
	simulating experiments.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. The graduate has knowledge of existing analytical and
	simulation methods for modeling production processes.
	2. The graduate has knowledge in planning experiments, creating
	a simulation model and its implementation.
	Skills:
	1. The graduate is able to select appropriate methods and tools
	depending on the type of processes and tasks being solved.
	2. The graduate is able to develop deterministic and stochastic
	analytical models of production processes and conduct
	simulation experiments using these models
	Social competence:
	*
	 The graduate is ready to work in a group. The graduate is ready to pass on his knowledge.
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Pre-requisites	Elements of applied mathematics, basics of computer science,
	basic knowledge of production processes and the management of these processes
Course contents	Lectures include:
Course contents	Concepts of process modelling and simulation theory.
	Simulation modelling methodology, discrete and continuous
	event models. Abstract, conceptual, physical model. Simulation experiment design methodology, design of experiments (DOE).
	The use of simulation tests for scheduling production orders.
	Discussion of computer tools for modelling and simulation of
	production processes.
	Classes include:
	Designing an experience in Design Expert Creating material
	balances. Simulation of continuous processes (liquid flow
	profile, changes in soluble substance concentration). Process
	modelling using the flow metaphor with feedback. Temperature
	regulation in the production room. Population growth models.
	Optimization of product inventory management. Simulation of
Deferences	queue processes.
References	Basic literature:
	L. G. Birta, G. Arbez Modelling and Simulation: Exploring
	Dynamic System Behaviour, Springer Science & Business
	Media, 2007
	Supplementary literature:
Translation and all	2. Vensim and Design Expert documentation.
Teaching methods	Lectures in the form of a multimedia presentation

	Classes - solving accounting problems, simulations in Design
	Expert, Vensim
	Teaching methods - discussion, demonstration of performing subject tasks
Assessment methods	K1, K2 – colloquium, oral answer.
	S1, S2 – assessment of correct calculations and proper reasoning during exercises and tests
	SC1, SC2 – participation in class discussions, group work during classes, observation of student involvement.
	Form of documentation: instructor's diary, reports, tests, examination papers.
ECTS credits balance	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	- creating computer applications – 40 hours, 1.6 ECTS,
	- literature study – 13 hours, 0,52 ECTS,
	The total student workload is 100 hours. which corresponds to 4
	points of ECTS.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
participation of an academic teacher	- participation in practical classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	The total number of contacts is 47 hours, which corresponds to
	1.88 ECTS.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 – ZI_W04
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W05
	S1 – ZI_U03
	S2 – ZI_U04
	SC1 – ZI_K01
	SC2 – ZI_K02

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Integrated management systems
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	Ι
Semester of study	1
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4 (1.88/2.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Ph. D. Piotr Maksym
the person responsible for the course	·
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Technology Fundamentals
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarise students with modern theories, methods of construction and management, and directions of development of IT management systems. Developing students' systems thinking in managerial management in relation to modern integrated information systems. Learning the principles of functioning of integrated management systems based on a selected example.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. Basic knowledge of the architecture of operating systems and computer networks, which is necessary to implement integrated enterprise management IT systems.
	 Knowledge of organizational management methods implemented in MRP II / ERP II and earlier systems. Skills: Skills in selecting the appropriate system depending on the needs of the enterprise. Basic skills in working with selected modules of the
	integrated management system. Social competence: 1. Is aware of the role of integrated systems in the modern world and the importance of proper selection depending on the scale and type of application.
Pre-requisites	Basic of computer science
Course contents References	Information and knowledge in enterprise management and basic information systems supporting management processes. IT projects supporting management. Presentation of issues related to the evolution of IT management systems. The concept of an integrated information system (IIS) supporting management processes. Selected systems, implementation methodology and software supporting their implementation (including electronic document management systems (DMS), enterprise resource planning systems (ERP), customer relationship management systems - (CRM) - sales process management and task automation systems (BI)), systems for planning material needs and production resources (MRP)/(MRP II), decision support systems - (DSS). Application of information technologies to support e-management. Issues of economic and social aspects of computerization of information systems in business.
KeIerences	 O'Brien J. A., Marakas G. M. Management Information Systems. McGraw-Hill/Irwin 2011. O'Leary D. E. Enterprise Resource Planning Systems Systems, Life Cycle, Electronic Commerce, and Risk. Cambridge University Press 2012.

	3. Bradford M. Modern ERP: Select, Implementation	ent, and Use
	Today's Advanced Business Systems Amazon	
	Recommended literature:	
	4. ERP Systems for Manufacturing Supply Chai	ns Sagegg O.
	J., Alfnes E. Amazon 2020.	0 00
Teaching methods	Teaching methods:	
	lecture, discussion, presentation of integrated syste	ms.
Assessment methods	K1, K2 – written final test,	
	S1, S2 – presentation of students' projects and info	rmation
	based on the lecturer's diary,	
	SC1 – written final test, discussion.	
	Forms of documenting achieved results:	
	Written final test on lecture content, project presen	tation (digital
	form)	
ECTS credits balance	Contact	
	lectures	45h - 1.80
	consultations	2h - 0.08
	Total contact 47 hours - 1.88 points ECTS	
	Non-contact	
	reading recommended literature/materials	15h - 0.60
	prepare project + presentation	20h - 0.80
	preparation for the written final test	18h - 0.72
	Total non-contact 55 hours - 2.12 points ECTS	
Workload related to classes requiring the	lectures	45h - 1.80
direct participation of an academic teacher	consultations	2h - 0.08
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 - ZI_W02	
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 - ZI_W07	
	S1 - ZI_U01	
	S2 - ZI_U03	
	SC1 - ZI_K05	

Field of study	Management and Food Engineering
Course title	Safety and Hygiene in Food Production
Language	English
Type of the course (obligatory/optional)	obligatory
Level of the course	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	I
Semester of study	1
ECTS credits	3 (1.88/1.12)
(contact/non-contact classes)	
Name of lecturer	PhD Agnieszka Starek-Wójcicka, associate professor
Unit responsible for course of study	Department of Biological Bases of Food and Feed Technologies
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the hygienic requirements that must be met and controlled at all stages of production or marketing to ensure food safety. Students should also assimilate the most important legal regulations, control rules, food standards. Graduates should also be aware of the threats to the proper course of production and processing processes and the health of consumers.
I coming outcomes	Knowledge:
Learning outcomes	1. Has knowledge of threats and technological problems, as well as types of quality management systems in the agricultural and food industry.
	2. Knows the theoretical basis of issues and concepts in the field of food hygiene and safety and awareness of changes in food ingredients during processing and storage. Skills:
	1. Can apply appropriate techniques and materials to solve problems in the field of hygiene and food safety and subordinate the results to practical purposes. 2. Can identify raw materials and processed products and select biological, mechanical and chemical methods to identify food contamination.
	Control of the contro
	Social competence: 1. Is able to effectively organize work and lead a group during the analysis of food products, including the degree of food contamination.
Duo magnisitas	Docio knowledge of history whereign as 1, 1, with
Pre-requisites Course contents (min. 100 words)	Basic knowledge of biology, physics and chemistry. Lectures cover: issues in the field of food law in Poland and the European Union. Quality management systems in the agricultural and food industry. Microbial and other biological contamination of food and methods of their identification. Chemical and physical hazards in food. Additives and their safety. Traditional and innovative methods of food preservation. Allergies and food intolerances. Parasitic diseases associated with food processing. Methods of preventing food poisonings and infections, including the tasks of sanitary services in their prevention. Legal and institutional protection of consumers against the risks associated with food and nutrition.
	Classes include: description of chemical and biological contamination of food. Bacterial toxins, mycotoxins. Dioxins. PAHs. Radioactive contamination of food. Types, sources and methods of elimination of food mechanical impurities. Conditions for safe food storage. The importance of the cold chain of food storage for product quality and consumer safety.

	The importance of proper hand washing techniques and devices for maintaining the proper quality of raw materials and food products. Microbiological tests of control and processed food products by various methods. Detection and determination of chemical preservatives. Determination of the content of antinutritional substances. Identification and marking of dyes. Calculation of the intake of heavy metals and dioxins with the daily and weekly food ration. Hygiene of the dairy industry. Hygiene of the egg and poultry industry. Hygiene of milling and fruit and vegetable processing. Balancing the diet, nutrition in accordance with the standards.
References	Recommended literature: Luning, P. A., & Devlieghere, F. (Eds.). (2006). Safety in the agri-food chain. Wageningen Academic Pub. Lelieveld, H., Holah, J., & Napper, D. (Eds.). (2014). Hygiene in food processing: principles and practice. Elsevier. Varzakas, T., & Tzia, C. (Eds.). (2015). Handbook of food processing: food safety, quality, and manufacturing processes (Vol. 35). CRC Press. Holah, J., Lelieveld, H. L. M., & Gabric, D. (Eds.). (2016). Handbook of hygiene control in the food industry. Woodhead Publishing.
	Obligatory literature: Goddek, S., Joyce, A., Kotzen, B., & Burnell, G. M. (2019). Aquaponics food production systems: combined aquaculture and hydroponic production technologies for the future (p. 619). Springer Nature. Doyle, M. P., Diez-Gonzalez, F., & Hill, C. (Eds.). (2020). Food microbiology: fundamentals and frontiers. John Wiley & Sons.
Teaching methods (forms/methods/acts)	Lectures will be conducted mainly using the problem method with elements of informative lecture. Discussing issues based on illustrations. Auditorium and laboratory classes checking and consolidating knowledge in the field of data interpretation, techniques of stimulating creative thinking, work in small groups, individual presentations of students, confrontation of various research results.
Assesment and examination methods	Ways to verify the learning outcomes achieved: Knowledge: answers to introductory questions to the topic of exercises 2-3 tests checking the knowledge of problems in the field of hygiene and safety of food production. Skills: performing physico-chemical and microbiological tests (group work of three or four people), preparing home exercises, participating in group discussions; team interpretation of the results of physical, chemical and microbiological analyzes based on available standards. Social competence: participation in team exercises in class; answers to introductory questions to the topic of exercises; doing homework exercises and preparing for tests.
	Forms of documenting achieved results: teacher's diary, written assignments, test report.

ECTS points balance	CONTACT
	Form of classes Number of hours ECTS credits
	Lectures 15 0.60
	Classes 30 1.20
	Consultations 2 0.08
	Total contact 47 hours 1.88 points ECTS
	NON-CONTACT
	Form of classes Number of hours ECTS credits
	Preparation for classes 10 0.40
	Studying literature 13 0.52
	Preparation for the colloquium 5 0.20
	Total non-contact 28 hours 1.12 points ECTS
	The total student workload is 75 hours
	which corresponds to 3 pts. ECTS
Workload related to classes requiring the	- participation in lectures - 15 hours,
direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in auditorium and laboratory classes - 30 hours,
	- consultations - 2 hours
	Total 47 hours which is 1.88 ECTS credits.
Relation of modular learning outcomes to	Modular effect code – directional effect code
directional learning outcomes	K1 – ZI_W04
	K2 - ZI_W10
	S1 - ZI_U04
	S2 - ZI_U05
	SC1 - ZI_K01

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Operations & Maintenance Management
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	I
Semester of study	1
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4 (1.88/2.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	PhD Zbigniew Kobus, associate professor
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Technology Fundamentals
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the technical and organizational aspects of the functioning of technical systems operational maintenance. During the classes, students will become acquainted with methods for modelling specific organizational problems that support decision-making processes in the field of technical maintenance, as well as inventory control and machine reliability.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. Knows the life cycle of devices, objects, and technical systems. They have a basic understanding of technical maintenance issues, including organizational, technical, and economic aspects. They are acquainted with fundamental concepts and definitions, the tasks of the machine maintenance system, and the technological, organizational, and economic aspects. 2. Knows the basic elements of reliability theory that enable modelling the predictability of the behaviour of technical objects: non-repairable and repairable. Skills: 1. Is able to propose a system for tracking and documenting service activities in the field of technical maintenance. They can determine the optimal service life based on economic criteria. They can utilize inventory management models. 2. Is able to model a simple system for reliability assessment and is able to analyse and interpret the calculation results Social competence: 1. Has an awareness of the role and significance of technical maintenance in terms of machine safety and performance quality. 2. Has an awareness of the need to acquire and improve knowledge in order to enhance the quality and safety of
	machines.
Pre-requisites Course contents	Mathematics 1, Operations Research, basics of computer science Lectures include:
Course coments	Among other things, fundamental concepts in the field of machine operation and maintenance, operational strategies, basics of reliability theory, diagnostics as a source of information about the object's condition, uncertainty assessment in state recognition processes, basic inventory management strategies, operational reliability assessment models for predicting object behaviour. Description of multi-state systems. Classes include: Operational assessment of products, reliability models of technical objects, determination of spare parts inventory, inventory management policies, building simulation models of reliability structures, modelling and analysis of obtained results.

References	Obligatory literature:
References	1. S. Duffuaa and A. Raouf, Planning and Control of
	Maintenance Systems. Modeling and Analysis, Springer
	International Publishing, 2015
	2. W. Meeker, L. Escobar and F. Pascual, Statistical methods for
	reliability data, Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons, 2022
	3. M. Ben-Daya, S. O. Duffuaa, A. Raouf, J. Knezevic and
	D. Ait-Kadi, Handbook of Maintenance Management and
	Engineering, Springer, 2009
	Recommended literature:
	1. R. Johnson, Miller & Freund's, Probability and Statistics for
	Engineers, Pearson, 2018
	2. R. F. Stapelberg, Handbook of Reliability, Availability,
	Maintainability and Safety in Engineering Design, Springer,
	2009
	3. J. Lawless, Statistical Models and Methods for Lifetime Data, Hoboken: Wiley-Interscience, 2003
	4. U. D. Kumar, Reliability, Maintenance and Logistic Support -
	A life Cycle Approach, Springer Science+Business Media,
	2000
Teaching methods	Lectures in the form of a multimedia presentation.
	Classes - calculation tasks, discussion, demonstration of
	performing subject tasks, computer-based methods to solve
	various tasks.
Assessment methods	K1, K2 – written or oral test.
	S1, S2 – assessment of correct calculations and proper reasoning
	during exercises; test.
	SC1, SC2 – participation in class discussions, active
	involvement in group work during classes.
	Form of documentation: instructor's diary, tests.
ECTS credits balance	CONTACT
	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
	- participation in classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	Total contact time 47 hours, 1.88 points ECTS
	NON-CONTACT:
	- preparation for classes – 20 hours, 0.8 ECTS,
	- preparation for final test – 20 hours, 0.8 ECTS,
	- literature study – 13 hours, 0,52 ECTS,
	Total non-contact time 53 hours, 2.12 points ECTS
	The total student workload is 100 hours. which corresponds to 4
	points of ECTS.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct	- participation in lectures – 15 hours, 0.6 ECTS,
participation of an academic teacher	- participation in classes – 30 hours, 1.2 ECTS,
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours, 0.08 ECTS,
	The total number of contacts is 47 hours, which corresponds to
	1.88 ECTS.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1, K2 – ZI_W02, InzZI_W01
learning outcomes of the field of study	S1 – ZI_U03
	S2 – ZI_U04
	SC1 – ZI_K04
	SC2 – ZI_K03
L	_

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Design of agri-food investment
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	П
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4 (1.96/2.04)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Professor Agnieszka Wójtowicz
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Thermal Technology and Food Process Engineering
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to introduce students to the technological design in agri-food industry plants. Presentation of the organization and principles of logistics in the enterprise, the principles of selecting raw materials and additives, machines and technological devices, warehouses and storage methods, energy and environmental aspects, technological requirements. This knowledge will enable students to efficiently use technical and technological documentation in accordance with their field of study.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	K1. Student knows and understands the impact of production processes on raw materials and their quality including the suitability for the manufacture of various products K2. Student knows and understands issues related to the principles of sustainable development and the knowledge in the field of implementation of integrated production processes in agri-food processing plants. Skills: S1. Student is able to select and modify methods, techniques, technologies, tools and materials to solve current problems concerning processes of production in agri-food industry. Social competence: SC1. Student is prepared to independently acquire and improve the knowledge in agri-food design
Pre-requisites	Technical drawing, Production processes, Logistics in the enterprise, Food industry machines
Course contents	The lectures include: law requirements for technological project design, proper technology selection and its parameters to achieve good quality of products, technological schemes in the food industry, design of the production and technological processes, storage of food and feed, transport development, environmental protection and energy aspects, food and feed healthy aspects, rules for location and land development of industrial plants.
References	The classes include: introduction to technological design, preparing an independent technological design project of a selected food or agri-food industry plant. The project includes: determining the raw material base and sales market, developing a production program and technology, calculating the size of production, storage and social rooms, energy requirements calculations, preparing a simplified construction design and a land development plan using available methods. Basic literature:

Food processing technology: principles and practice / P. Fellows. Boca Raton: Cambridge: CRC Press; Woodhead Publishing, 2000 2. Cereals processing technology / ed. by Gavin Owens. Boca Raton: Cambridge: CRC Press; Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2001 Meat science, milk science and technology / ed. by H. R. Cross and A. J. Overby, Amsterdam: Elsevier Science Publishers, 1988 4. Food technology processing and laboratory control / advisory ed. F. Aylwaed, Jodhpur: Agrobios, 2001 5. Handbook of food preservation / ed. by M. Shafiur RahmanNew York; Basel: Marcel Dekker, 1999 6. Handbook of fruit science and technology: production, composition, storage, and processing / ed. by D. K. Salunkhe, S. S. Kadam. New York: Marcel Dekker, 1995 7. Food processing operations and scale-up / Kenneth J. Valentas, Leon Levine, J. Peter Clark. New York: Marcel Dekker, 1991 8. Handbook of food engineering / ed. by Dennis R. Heldman, Daryl B. Lund. New York: Marcel Dekker, 1992 Auxiliary literature: 1. Methods in food science and technology. Part 1 / monograph edited by Maria Walczycka, Urszula Błaszczyk. Publishing House of the University of Agriculture in Krakow, 2022 2. Principles of fermentation technology / Peter F. Stanbury and Allan Whitaher. Oxford: Pergamon Press, 1986 3. Managing frozen foods / ed. by Christopher J. Kennedy. Boca Raton: Cambridge: CRC Press; Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2000 4. Principles of cereal science and technology / R. Carl Hoseney. St. Paul: American Association of Cereal Chemists, 1986 5. Technology of biscuits, crackers and cookies / Duncan Manley. Cambridge: Woodhead Publishing Limited, 6. Developments in soft drinks technology. / ed. by H. W. Houghton. London; New Jork: Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, 1984 7. Handbook of meat product technology / M. D. Ranken. Oxford: Blackwell Science, 2000 8. Advanced dairy science and technology / ed. by Trevor J. Britz, Richard K. Robinson. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2008 9. Petfood technology / editors Jennifer L. Kvamme, Timothy D. Phillips, Mt. Morris, Illinois: Watt Publishing, cop. 2003 10. Food machinery: for the production of cereal foods, snack foods and confectionery / Ling-Min Cheng. New York: Ellis Horwood, 1992 Teaching methods Lectures and auditorium class in the form of multimedia presentations, laboratory class - calculations and performance of design tasks. Assessment methods K1 – written exam note K2 – written exam note

	S1 – assessment of project implementation
	SC1 – assessment of project implementation
ECTS credits balance	CONTACT
	Form Hours Points ECTS
	Lecture 15 h. 0.60 ECTS
	Class 30 h. 1.20 ECTS
	Consulting 2 h. 0.08 ECTS
	Written exam 2 h. 0.08 ECTS
	Total 49 h. that is 1.96 ECTS
	NON-CONTACT
	Form Hours Points ECTS
	Preparation for class 10 h. 0.40 ECTS
	Completion of projects 18 h. 0.72 ECTS
	Preparation for exam 10 h. 0.40 ECTS
	Reading of literature 13 h. 0.52 ECTS
	Total non-contact 51 h. that is 2.04 ECTS
	T . 1 . 1
	Total student workload 100 h. that is 4.0 ECTS
Workload related to classes requiring the	Lecture 15 h. 0.60 ECTS
direct participation of an academic teacher	Class 30 h. 1.20 ECTS
	Consulting 2 h. 0.08 ECTS
	Written exam 2 h. 0.08 ECTS
	T - 1 401 - 1 - 1 106 FCTTG
	Total 49 h. that is 1.96 ECTS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W05
	S1 - ZI_U07
	SC1 – ZI_K03

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Management of drying processes
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4 (2/2)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Professor dr. Dariusz Dziki
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Thermal Technology and Food Process Engineering
Objective of the course	The objective of this course is to acquaint students with the characteristics of the drying process, food drying methods, alterations that occur in food during this process, the influence of drying on food quality, structural solutions of drying machinery and devices, as well as their computational specifications.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. Possesses fundamental knowledge in the field of the basic theory and techniques of food drying, essential for understanding the phenomena occurring during this process. 2. Familiar with basic methods, techniques, tools, and materials used to solve simple engineering tasks in the domain of food drying engineering. Skills:
:	Applies acquired knowledge to resolve and communicate regarding issues related to food drying. Can prepare and deliver a brief presentation dedicated to solving a problematic task concerning food drying. Social competence:
	1. Think and act in an entrepreneurial manner and understand the need to constantly learn and inspire others
Pre-requisites	Production management and services
Course contents	The lectures cover: Advanced drying methods: Foam drying, stem drying, dry aid drying. Heat and mass transfer in these drying methods. Modeling of the drying process. Using of ultrasounds and microwaves in drying. Drying machines calculation. Changes in food quality during dehydration. Optimal drying parameters. Comminution of dried products.
	The classes include: Explore sorption and desorption isotherms through experiments, demonstrating how equilibrium is achieved during the drying process. Encourage collaborative projects where students can design and conduct experiments related to drying processes, fostering teamwork and problem-solving skills. o Analyze real-world case studies of drying applications in the food industry, discussing challenges, innovations, and the impact of drying on product quality. Provide practical insights into the structure and operation of various dryers, including convective dryers, contact dryers, freeze dryers, fluidized bed and spray dryers, radiative dryers, dielectric, and microwave dryers.

References	Drying Techno	ologies for Foods Funda	mentals and Applications,
			ema, Barjinder Pal Kaur,
	Arun S. Mujur	ndar 2019, ISBN 97811	38733084.
Teaching methods	- Lectu	ire	
	- Discu	ission	
	- Probl	em-solving	
	- Utiliz	ing instructional materia	als
Assessment methods	K1 - Written e		
	K2 - Written p		
		on and performance asso	essment.
	S2 – Calculation	on assessment	
		ation assessment	
			hieved results: exams,
	instructor's jou		ssignments, presentations.
ECTS credits balance		Contact	
	Number of ho		
	Lecture	15 h	0.60
	Classes	30 h	1.20
	Consultation	2 h	0.08
	Exam	3 h	0.12
	Total	50 h	2.00 ECTS
		No-contact	
	Preparation for	r exercises 35 h	1.40
	Preparation for		0.60
	1 reparation for	i tests 15 ii.	0.00
	Total	50 h	2.00 ECTS
	The total stude 4 ECTS credits		rs, which corresponds to
Workload related to classes requiring the		n lectures - 15 hours.	
direct participation of an academic teacher		n classes - 30 hours.	
T		n consultations - 2 hour.	
		n exam - 3 hours.	
			which corresponds to 2.0
	ECTS credits.	,	1
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 - ZI_W04		
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W02		
•	S1 - ZI_U01		
	S2 - ZI_U02		

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Cereal Processing Engineering
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second -cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	4 (1.84/2.16)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD Renata Różyło, associate professor
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Food Engineering and Machines
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with issues
	related to the engineering aspects of the production of
	innovative cereal products and develops procedures for
Lagming outcomes	controlling the production process.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. Is able to describe the properties of raw materials used in the production of innovative cereal products.
	Has structured general knowledge of engineering issues
	related to the production of cereal products.
	Skills:
	I. Is able to determine quality requirements for selected raw
	materials and innovative cereal products
	2. Develops a procedure for controlling the production process
	of innovative cereal product
	Social competence:
	1. Is aware of the importance of social, professional and ethical
	responsibility for the production of high-quality food
Pre-requisites	Organization of production systems, Safety and hygiene in food
1	production
Course contents	Lectures: The importance of the production of cereal products in
	the food economy. Nutritional aspects of selected innovative raw
	materials. Characteristics of the production of special flours. The
	use of waste products from food production in the recipes of
	innovative cereal products
	Classes: Creating a monitoring procedure for a innovative cereal
	product, including: defining quality requirements for raw
	materials and products; developing a flowchart of the production
	process indicating places of production monitoring; creation of a
	cleaning and disinfection program as well as monitoring and
	control cards for the production process; selection of methods, frequency, tools and equipment necessary to monitor production.
References	1. Owens, G. (Ed.). (2001). <i>Cereals processing</i>
References	technology (Vol. 53). CRC Press.
	2. Hoseney, R. C. (1994). <i>Principles of cereal science and</i>
	technology (No. Ed. 2). American Association of Cereal
	Chemists (AACC).
	3. Guiné, R. D. P. F., & dos Reis Correia, P. M. (Eds.).
	(2013). Engineering aspects of cereal and cereal-based
	products. CRC Press.
Teaching methods	- Illustrating a verbal message using (drawings, diagrams,
	charts, tables, films and photographs - multimedia projection)
	- Demonstrations and explanations using instructional videos
	- Short design tasks
Assessment methods	Knowledge 1, 2 – assessment of the student's work and
	assessment during the oral presentation of the project
	Skills 1, 2 – assessment of the correctness of the project.

	presentation		student work and oral atts - grades in the class
	journal and project	evaluation	
ECTS credits balance	CONTACT		
	Form of classes	Number of hours	ECTS points
	Lecture	15 hours	0.60 points ECTS
	Classes	30 hours	1.20 points ECTS
	Consultations	1 hour	0.04 points ECTS
	Total contact time	46 hours	1.84 points ECTS
	NON-CONTACT		
	Preparation		
	project	22 hours	0.88 points ECTS
	Preparation		
	for passing the exe	rcise 20 hours	0.80 points ECTS
	Studying literature	12 hours	0.48 points ECTS
	Total non-contact		2.16 points ECTS
	The total student w points. ECTS	orkload is 100 hours,	, which corresponds to 4
Workload related to classes requiring the	Participation in lec	tures – 15 hours	
direct participation of an academic teacher	Participation in cla	sses – 30 hours	
	Participation in cor	nsultations – 1 hour.	
		ch is 1.84 points. EC'	TS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	Knowledge 1, 2 - 2		
learning outcomes of the field of study	Skills 1 – ZI_U01		
	Skills 2 – ZI_U02,	ZI_U07	
	Social competence	1 – ZI_K05	

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Reliability and safety of industrial systems
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	4 (1.88/2.12)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Waldemar Samociuk, Dr Eng.
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Mechanical Engineering and Automation
Objective of the course	This course addresses the reliability, risk, and safety issues of
	real industrial systems with application of the latest reliability
	and risk-based modeling. Related topics such as maintenance
	decision-making and risk and safety modeling are also
	addressed with the implementation of decision-making
	techniques. This course provides real-life studies on industrial
	operations along with solutions. It discusses modeling and
	optimization of reliability and safety aspects in industry and
	covers reliability maintenance issues in process industries.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. Has knowledge in the field of information techniques and
	technologies allowing to model (identify), modeling and
	optimization of reliability and safety aspects in industry and
	covers reliability maintenance issues in process industries
	2. Demonstrates knowledge of the principles and knowledge in
	the implementation of integrated production processes in
	conditions of increasing degree of mechanization and safety of
	industrial processes.
	Skills:
	1. The student has the ability to use modern information
	technologies to obtain and process information in the field of
	industrial production and the provision of services. Reliability,
	cost optimization, life cycle costing analysis, and multi-criteria
	decision making (MCDM) application for risk and safety
	analysis.
	2. Statistical Modeling of Reliability Structures and Industrial
	Processes. Risk and safety modeling.
	Social competence: 1. The student is able to think and act in an entrepreneurial way
	and understands the need to constantly learn and inspire others.
Dra raquisitas	Mathematics, Physics, Mechanics, Electrical Engineering
Pre-requisites Course contents	Introduction and overview: the Poisson and the normal
Course contents	
	processes, life quality, risks, hazards and causes of failures, uncertainties in engineering modeling, robustness assessment of
	structures. Scenario identification and analysis. Systems
	reliability analysis and robustness: series and parallel system
	analysis, structural systems analysis, robustness assessment of
	structures. Risk based inspection and maintenance planning: the
	basic problem, modeling of degradation processes, inspection
	quality and the PoD concept, generic approaches to inspection
	planning. Optimal decision making and risk acceptance criteria:
	optimality in engineering decision making, the ALARP
	principle for acceptability, the Life Quality Index and
	acceptable life safety, societal life saving costs and willingness
	to pay. Functional safety for managers. Competency and
	competency management. Processes and procedures for the
	r j

	SLC. SIS functional safety and mechanical integrity	
References	1. Rausand, M. (2014). Reliability of safety-critical systems: theory and applications. John Wiley & Sons.	
	2. Verma, A. K., Ajit, S., & Karanki, D. R. (2010). <i>Reliability and safety engineering</i> (Vol. 43, pp. 373-392). London: Springer.	
	3. Dilbagh Panchal, Mangey Ram, Prasenjit Chatterjee, Anish Kumar Sachdeva. Industrial Reliability and Safety Engineering Applications and Practices. Taylor & Francis Ltd., 2023	
	4. Ioannis S. Trianntafyllou, Mangey Ram. Statistical Modeling of Reliability Structures and Industrial Processes, 2022, CRC Press ISBN 9781032066257	
	5. Edited By Lirong Cui, Ilia Frenkel, Anatoly Lisnianski, Stochastic Models in Reliability Engineering, CRC Press, 2021.	
	6. Kołowrocki, K., & Soszyńska-Budny, J. (2011). Reliability and Safety of Complex Technical Systems and Processes: Modeling-Identification-Prediction-	
Teaching methods	Optimization. Springer Science & Business Media. Lectures, laboratory exercises in the form of real experiments at	
reaching methods	laboratory stations (Matlab, Scilab)	
Assessment methods	K1, K2 - written test.	
	S1, S2 - assessment of the exercise and report,	
	SC1 - assessment of the student's work as a leader and member of the team performing the exercise and report.	
ECTS credits balance	Contact	
	• lecture (15 hours/0.6 ECTS),	
	• classes (30 hours/1.2 ECTS),	
	• consultations (2 hours/0.08 ECTS),	
	Total – 47 hours/1.88 ECTS	
	Non-contact	
	• preparation for classes (20 hours/0.80 ECTS),	
	• preparation for test (20 hours/0.80 ECTS),	
	• preparation of reports (13 hours/0.52 ECTS),	
	A total of 53 hours/2.12 ECTS	
Workload related to classes requiring the	participation in: lectures – 15 hours; in classes – 30 hours;	
direct participation of an academic teacher	in consultations – 2 hours	
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 – ZI_W05, InzZI_W01	
learning outcomes of the field of study	K1 – ZI_W05, InzZI_W04	
	S1 – ZI_U03, InzZI_U01	
	S2 – ZI_U07, InzZI_U01	
	SC1 – ZI_K01	

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering	
Course title	Strategic management	
	Zarządzanie strategiczne	
Language	English	
Type of the course	obligatory	
Level of study	Second-cycle studies	
Form of study	S – full-time	
Year of study	II	
Semester of study	2	
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	2 (1.28/0.72)	
contact)		
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD. Eng. Agnieszka Dudziak	
the person responsible for the course		
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Power Engineering and Transportation	
	Subdepartment of Logistics and Business Management	
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide students with basic	
	knowledge in the field of strategic management, primarily in	
	the context of using strategic analysis tools. Particular emphasis	
	is placed on the issue of the organization as a market	
	participant, which should analyze the internal and external	
	environment. In addition, knowledge is provided regarding the	
	strategic diagnosis of the enterprise, formulating a strategy on	
	its basis and its implementation. Modern concepts and	
	problems of strategic management are also presented.	
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:	
	1. Knows the theoretical foundations and is able to define	
	concepts and basic concepts of strategic management.	
	Understands and is able to recognize processes and phenomena	
	occurring in the organization's environment and characterize	
	strategic management tools and methods.	
	2. Has the knowledge to define, describe and explain problems	
	related to the application of various strategic management	
	analyses, and describe areas subject to analysis, such as Porter's	
	5 forces method, BCG matrix, ADL matrix, strategic group	
	map or PEST analysis.	
	Skills:	
	1. Is able to indicate the stages of the strategic management	
	process in an enterprise and classify them. Is able to access	
	sources of knowledge related to strategic management, use the	
	information obtained, and analyze the internal and external	
	environment of the organization.	
	2. Has the ability to characterize the organization's goals in the	
	context of making effective strategic decisions in the enterprise.	
	Social competence:	
	1. Is aware of the importance of strategic management	
P	processes in the area of various types of business activities.	
Pre-requisites	Completion of the course assumes having basic knowledge in the	
C	field of management, marketing and economics.	
Course contents	Lectures include:	
	The subject covers issues related to strategic management of an	
	enterprise. The essence of the basic concepts of strategic	
	management is discussed, as well as issues related to the use of	
	strategic tools and analyzes in the enterprise. Issues related to	
	strategic planning and enterprise development strategy will also be discussed.	
Deferences	Basic literature:	
References		
	1. Cornelis A de Kluyver, John A. Pearce II, Strategic	
	management, Business Expert Press, 2021.	

	2. Lynch Richard, <i>Strategic management</i> , Sage Publications, 2021.
	Additional literature: 3. Cornelis A. de Kluyver, <i>Fundamentals of Global Strategy, A business Model Approach</i> , Business Expert Press, 2021.
Teaching methods	Discussing issues based on diagrams and illustrations, presenting selected phenomena using didactic models.
Assessment methods	Ways to verify the achieved learning outcomes:
	Knowledge: 1. Final test knowledge of the subject 2. Final test to check knowledge of the subject and discussion during the lecture regarding understanding and knowledge of strategic management problems. Skills: 1. Checking the ability to understand phenomena in the field of strategic management during lecture discussions. 2. Activity during the lecture.
	Social competence: 1. Activity during the lecture, initiating discussions, observing the student's involvement.
	Forms of documenting achieved results: Final test, instructor's diary.
ECTS credits balance	CONTACT
	Form of classes - Number of hours/ECTS points
	- participation in lectures – 30 hours/1.2
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours/0.08
	Total contact 32 hours 1.28 points ECTS
	NON-CONTACT
	Form of classes - Number of hours/ECTS points
	- preparation for classes – 8 hours/0.32
	- studying literature – 5 hours/0.20
	- preparation for the pass a subject – 5 hours/0.20
	Total non-contact 18 hours 0.72 points ECTS
	The total student workload is 50 hours which corresponds to 2 points ECTS
Workload related to classes requiring the	- participation in lectures – 30 hours/1.2
direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in consultations – 2 hours/0.08
	Total contact 32 hours 1.28 points ECTS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	Modular Effect Code – Directional Effect Code
learning outcomes of the field of study	V
	K1 - ZI_W02, ZI_W06
	K2 - ZI_W02, ZI_W07
	S1 - ZI_U01 S2 - ZI_U04
	S2 - ZI_U04 SC1 - ZI_K05
	SCI - LI_KUJ

Field of study	Management and Food Engineering
Course title	Food Production Control
Language	English
Type of the course (obligatory/optional)	obligatory
Level of the course	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
ECTS credits	4 ECTS (1.88/2.12)
(contact/non-contant classes)	1 2015 (1.00/2.12)
Name of lecturer	PhD Agnieszka Starek-Wójcicka, associate professor
Unit responsible for course of study	Department of Biological Bases of Food and Feed
chie responsiere for course of study	Technologies
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the threats
	occurring during food production, methods used to detect
	contamination of food products, regulatory provisions and
	systems ensuring food quality and safety.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
E	1. Knows and understands physical and chemical phenomena
	and processes as well as quality management systems in food
	industry engineering.
	2. Knows and understands issues related to the impact of
	microorganisms on the quality of raw materials and products of
	the food industry; knows advanced methods of preservation and
	storage of biological materials.
	Skills:
	1. Is able to use his knowledge to describe physical phenomena
	and simple and complex production processes.
	2. Is able to independently plan and carry out experiments in
	compliance with research standards, including chemical and
	microbiological measurements and analyses, as well as
	correctly interpret the obtained results and draw conclusions.
	Social competence:
	1. Is ready to take actions enabling the production of healthy
	food and makes efforts to provide such information to the
	public in a generally understandable way.
Pre-requisities	Basic knowledge of biology, physics and chemistry.
Course contents (min. 100 words)	The lecture includes: Basic concepts, classification of methods
course contents (mm. 100 words)	for detecting contaminants, sources of threats in the food
	industry, the impact of microorganisms on human health, threats
	related to the occurrence of parasites and pests, and methods of
	food preservation and production of contaminant-free food
	products. Additionally, the lecture will discuss anti-nutritional
	substances as well as the impact of some technological processes
	on the quality of food products.
	The classes include research and analysis of methods for
	detecting food contamination and adulteration. Additionally, as
	part of the course, students prepare their own design of a
	technological line, taking into account potential threats and how
	to eliminate them. They also estimate the intake of harmful
	substances from food.
References	substances from food. Required literature:
References	Required literature:
References	Required literature: • Sikora T., Kołożyn-Krajewska D. 2010. Food safety
References	Required literature: • Sikora T., Kołożyn-Krajewska D. 2010. Food safety management. Ed. C.H. Beck
References	Required literature: • Sikora T., Kołożyn-Krajewska D. 2010. Food safety management. Ed. C.H. Beck • Andrejko M., Czarniecka-Skubina E., Andrejko D., Kluza F.,
References	Required literature: • Sikora T., Kołożyn-Krajewska D. 2010. Food safety management. Ed. C.H. Beck
References	Required literature: • Sikora T., Kołożyn-Krajewska D. 2010. Food safety management. Ed. C.H. Beck • Andrejko M., Czarniecka-Skubina E., Andrejko D., Kluza F., Zawiślak K., Głuszak A., Pacek M. 2012. Threats to food

	Fortin, N. D. 2022. Food regulation: law, science, policy, and practice. John Wiley & Sons. Recommended literature: Andrejko D., Andrejko M. 2009. Food contamination. Sources and impact on the human body. Publishing House of
Teaching methods (forms/methods/acts)	the University of Life Sciences in Lublin. Lectures will be conducted mainly using the problem method with elements of informative lecture. Discussing issues based on illustrations. Auditorium and laboratory classes checking and consolidating knowledge in the field of data interpretation, techniques of stimulating creative thinking, work in small groups, individual presentations of students, confrontation of various research results.
Assesment and examination methods	Ways to verify the learning outcomes achieved: Knowledge: answers to introductory questions to the topic of exercises 1-2 tests checking the knowledge of problems in the field of hygiene and safety of food production. Skills: performing physico-chemical and microbiological tests (group work of three or four people), preparing home exercises, participating in group discussions; team interpretation of the results of physical, chemical and microbiological analyzes based on available standards. Social competence: participation in team exercises in class; answers to introductory questions to the topic of exercises; doing homework exercises
	and preparing for tests. Forms of documenting achieved results: teacher's diary, written assignments, test report.
ECTS points balance	Form of classes Number of hours ECTS credits Lectures 15 0.60 Classes 30 1.20 Consultations 2 0.08 Total contact 47 hours 1.88 points ECTS
	NON-CONTACT Form of classes Number of hours ECTS credits Preparation for classes 20 0.80 Studying literature 18 0.72 Preparation for the colloquium 15 0.60 Total non-contact 53 hours 2.12 points ECTS The total student workload is 100 hours. which corresponds to 4 pts. ECTS
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in lectures - 15 hours, - participation in auditorium and laboratory classes - 30 hours, - consultations - 2 hours Total 32 hours which is 1.88 ECTS credits.
Relation of modular learning outcomes to directional learning outcomes	Modular effect code – directional effect code K1 – ZI_W04 K2 - ZI_W10 S1 - ZI_U04 S2 - ZI_U05 SC1 - ZI_K01

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Water and wastewater management
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	3 (1.28/1.72)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Professor Krzysztof Jóźwiakowski
the person responsible for the course	TIOICSSOI KIZYSZIOI VOZWILKOWSKI
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Environmental Engineering and Geodesy
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide knowledge about the
objective of the course	construction, principles of operation, design and scope of
	application of sewage and water treatment devices.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. Knows the basic legal acts regarding the quality of water
	intended for drinking and purified sewage discharged into natural
	reservoirs.
	2. Knows the course of water and sewage treatment processes
	(mechanical, biological and chemical).
	3. Knows the main devices for conducting groundwater and
	surface water treatment processes as well as municipal sewage
	treatment, their technical parameters and how to interpret them.
	Skills:
	1. Is able to design a technological system for the treatment of
	ground and surface waters and sewage for assumed conditions.
	2. Is able to determine the operating parameters of devices and assess the effectiveness of their work.
	3. Is able to make variant selection of devices based on their
	technical parameters.
	Social competence:
	1. Is aware of how important it is to follow the principles of
	professional ethics and professionally design appropriate
	wastewater treatment technologies to protect the natural
	environment
	2. Is aware of responsibility for his own work and is ready to
	comply with the principles of teamwork and take responsibility
	for jointly performed tasks
	3. Able to think and act in an entrepreneurial manner and
	establish cooperation with specialists in other fields of knowledge
Pre-requisites	mathematics 1 i 2, chemistry, physics, information technology,
1	mathematical statistics
Course contents	Determining the water and sewage balance in a small town. Basic
	requirements for water intended for drinking. Unit processes for
	surface and groundwater treatment. Technical characteristics of
	water treatment devices and principles of their dimensioning and
	design. Characteristics of the composition of raw sewage.
	Requirements for the quality of treated sewage discharged into
	the environment. Main processes and methods of municipal
	wastewater treatment. Technical characteristics, basics of
	dimensioning and design of devices for mechanical, biological
	and chemical wastewater treatment.
References	Obligatory literature:
	1. Rumana Riffat, 2013. Fundamentals of Wastewater Treatment
	and Engineering, p. 400.
	2. Chaubey Mritunjay, 2021. Wastewater Treatment
	Technologies, p.256

Teaching methods Assessment methods	Recommended literature: 3. The American Water V American Society of Civil Treatment Plant Design, lectures, classes, group w preparation of the project project, written test K1, K2, K3 – written test S1, S2, S3 – assessment of SC1, SC2, SC3 – assessment of SC1, SC2, SC3 – assessment of the team performance of the team performance of the series of the	Works Association (AW il Engineers (ASCE), 20 work, field work, projects it for evaluation, oral professional	on tasks,
ECTS credits balance	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CONTACT	
	Form of course	Number of hours	ECTS credits
	Lectures	15	0.60
	Classes	15	0.60
	Consultations	2	0.08
	Total contact	32	1.28
		ON-CONTACT	
	preparation for classes	10	0.40
	preparation of reports	10	0.40
	literature study	10	0.40
	preparation for the credit	13	0.52
	TOTAL non-contacts/ ECTS credits	43	1.72
Workload related to classes requiring the	Lectures	15	0.60
direct participation of an academic teacher	Classes	15	0.60
	Consultations	2	0.08
	TOTAL with direct	32	1.28
	involvement		
	of the teacher		
Relation of course learning outcomes to the learning outcomes of the field of study	K1, K2, K3: ZI_W03; ZI_S1, S2, S3: ZI_U04; ZI_U SC1, SC2, SC3: ZI_K02;	U05; ZI_U07	ζ05

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Quality management methods and techniques
Language	English
Type of the course	elective
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4.00 (1.88/2.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Prof. Sławomir Kocira
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Machinery Exploitation and Management of Production Processes
Objective of the course	The objective of teaching the course is to familiarize students with the methods and techniques used in quality management. The class will allow students to learn the principles of using various methods and techniques to help solve quality problems.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: K1. Knows the principles of methods and techniques used in quality systems.
	Skills: S1. Able to assess the needs of an enterprise for quality management. S2. Is able to apply selected methods and techniques to support quality management. Social competence: Sc1. Understands the technical and non-technical aspects and
	consequences of engineering activities
Pre-requisites Course contents	No pre-requisites Quality management basics. The concept of quality. Classification of quality management principles, methods, techniques and tools. Tools supporting quality management (brainstorming, Ishikawa diagram, flow chart, check sheet, Pareto diagram). Methods supporting quality management (QFD, FMEA).
References	Goetsch, D. L., & Davis, S. B. (2016). Quality management for organizational excellence: Introduction to total quality. pearson. Tricker, R. (2019). Quality management systems: A practical guide to standards implementation. Routledge. Norms ISO 9001, 14000, 45001
Teaching methods	lectures, classes, group work, practical work
Assessment methods	K1 – final test S1 – final test, project S2 – final test, project Sc1 – final test
ECTS credits balance	 Lecture – 15 hours, Classes - 30 hours. Consultation - 2 hours Classes preparation - 15 hours Literature studies - 15 hours Preparation for the colloquia - 23 hours Total student workload is 100 hours which equals 4.00 ECTS credits
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	Attendance in lectures - 15 hours; in classes - 30 hours; consultations 2 hours. What amounts to 1.88 ECTS credits

Relation of course learning outcomes to the	Code for the modular effect - code for the specific effect
learning outcomes of the field of study	K1 – ZI_W02,
	S1 – ZI_U05, ZI_U08, ZI_U09
	S2 – ZI_U05, ZI_U08, ZI_U09
	Sc1 – ZI_K04

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Computer systems in management and accountancy Systemy informatyczne w zarządzaniu i rachunkowości
Language	English
Type of the course	elective
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	4 (1.88/2.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Artur Kraszkiewicz, Associate professor
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Machine Operation and Production Process Management
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide knowledge of the operation and structure of IT systems used in management and accounting, as well as the functionality of the recording and analytical solutions used in them, as well as the prospects for standardization and development of accounting support systems in enterprises.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: K1. Knows the structure of IT systems used in management and accounting. K2. Knows the functionality of recording and analytical solutions, as well as the possibilities of development and standardization used in management and accounting IT systems. Skills: S1. Is able to obtain the appropriate IT system for a given type of enterprise. S2. Is able to prepare the selected solution for work. Social competences: Sc1. Has competences to organize team work in the work environment. Sc2. Able to act in an entrepreneurial manner that motivates
	regular improvement.
Pre-requisites	Integrated management systems
Course contents	Lectures include: Computer systems used in accounting, characteristics and requirements of the Accounting Act. Substantive settings – chart of accounts. Substantive settings – balance sheet. Substantive settings – reporting. Records of economic events - own. Records of economic events - external. Data reporting. Financial analysis. Mandatory financial reporting. Implementation of IT systems – critical points. Implementation costs. Selection of accounting IT systems. Requirements for modern IT systems. The classes include: Introduction, program, terminology, IT systems as information systems. Practical classes in using the accounting system. Methods of calculating the costs of implementing IT systems.
References	Obligatory literature: 1. Symfonia Finance and Accounting program manual or ERP Recommended literature: 1. Selected items of English-language professional literature presented during classes
Teaching methods	discussion, lecture, case studies
Assessment methods	Ways to verify the achieved learning outcomes: K1 – written work, K2 – written work,

	S1 – assessment of the implementation of a given accounting model, S2 – assessment of the implementation of a given accounting model, Sc1 – assessment of the student's work as a leader and member of the team performing the exercise, Sc2 – assessment of the student's work as a leader and member of the team performing the exercise. Forms of documenting achieved results: tests, instructor's diary,
ECTS credits balance	pass grade. CONTACT Form of classes Number of hours ECTS points lectures 15 classes 30 consultations 2 Total contact time 47 hours 1.88 points ECTS NON-CONTACT Form of classes Number of hours ECTS points preparation for classes 15 project preparation 5 studying literature 15 preparation for pass grade 18 Total non-contact 53 hours 2.12 points ECTS The total student workload is 100 hours, which corresponds to 4
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	points. ECTS Participation in lectures – 15 hours Participation in classes – 30 hours Participation in consultations – 2 hours. Total 47 hours which is 1.88 points ECTS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the learning outcomes of the field of study	Modular Effect Code – Directional Effect Code: K1 – ZI_W05, K2 – ZI_W08, S1 – ZI_U03, S2 – ZI_U05, Sc1 – ZI_K01, Sc2 – ZI_K05

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Diploma Seminar 1
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	2
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	1 (0.68/0.32)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Vice-Dean of the Faculty of Production Engineering
Didactic unit offering a course	Faculty of Production Engineering
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the methodology of carrying out scientific and research work, in particular formulating the topic of work in relation to a specific research problem, defining research hypotheses, the main goal and specific objectives of the work, and selecting an appropriate research method. During the seminar, the latest achievements in the field of master's theses are presented in the aspect of the thesis topic corresponding to the field of study.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. he student knows advanced methods and tools for analyzing and presenting data in the field of management and production
	engineering. 2. Student knows extended development trends and research methods of individual areas of the company's activity. Skills: 1. The student is able to perform analyzes related to management and production engineering under the supervision
	of a research supervisor. 2. The student is able to prepare written works in the field of management and production engineering.
	Social competence: 1. The student is ready to work in a group, organize and manage the work of teams (project, task, etc.) and organization in the work environment. 2. The student understands the need to acquire knowledge
Donata Cita	independently.
Pre-requisites Course contents	Previously completed study program. Types and examples of diploma theses, rules for presenting theses of scientific works. Preparing a work plan. Describing the problem, defining key work terms and preparing a work outline. Searching for source materials (databases, citation rules). The most common basic mistakes when writing diploma theses. Presentation of an outline with elements of the work by the seminar participants and a joint discussion under the supervision of the lecturer on the vision of implementing the master's thesis.
References	 The literature includes items related to the topic of the diploma thesis. The literature is agreed upon during consultations with the diploma thesis supervisor
Teaching methods	analysis and interpretation of the diploma thesis issues, discussion, presentation of outlines along with selected elements of the diploma thesis ines
Assessment methods	Ways of verifying the achieved learning outcomes: Knowledge: K1, K2 – knowledge presented during the seminar.

	Skills: S1, S2 – assessment of the master's thesis outline. Social competence: SC1, SC2 – assessment of students' work and oral statements. Forms of documenting the achieved results:
	Outlines of the master's thesis, elements of the master's thesis, teacher's journal
ECTS credits balance	- participation in classes - 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS - participation in consultations - 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS - preparing an outline - 3 hours / 0.12 ECTS - studying literature - 5 hours / 0.20 ECTS The total student workload is 25 hours which corresponds to 1 ECTS point.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in classes – 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS - participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS Total 17 hours which is 0.68 ECTS points.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the learning outcomes of the field of study	K1 – ZI_W02 K2 – ZI_W08 S1 – ZI_U07 S2 – ZI_U10 SC1 – ZI_K01 SC2 – ZI_K05

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Business management in practice
Language	English
Type of the course	Elective – C block
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	2 (1.88/0.12)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD. Monika Stoma, associate professor
the person responsible for the course	, 1
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Power Engineering and
C	Transportation/Subdepartment of Logistic and Business
	Management
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide students with knowledge of
	contemporary trends in management. The aim is to effectively
	analyze difficult decision-making situations, formulate
	appropriate questions and conclusions, make the best decisions
	(situational method), guess and understand the positions of
	people involved on both sides of conflict situations and solve
	them through skilful negotiations, quick access and collection
	of appropriate data and information, their analysis and drawing
	conclusions to make optimal decisions (case analysis method).
	In addition, the aim is to develop the ability to use basic
	optimization tools in solving managerial problems and in
	formulating conclusions regarding ongoing economic
	processes, primarily strategic planning and decision-making.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. The student understands and is able to recognize the
	processes and phenomena taking place in the organization and
	characterize the processes of planning, decision-making,
	organizing work processes and the application of control
	processes, and use basic functions to simulate various solutions
	and decisions during management games.
	2. The student has the knowledge to define, describe and
	explain management problems and is able to explain the basic
	issues of planning and decision-making in various operating
	conditions of modern organizations requiring an
	unconventional approach in accordance with the implemented
	simulation variant.
	Skills:
	1. The student is able to use the information obtained, analyze
	the internal and external environment of the organization,
	indicate the goals of enterprises due to the specificity of the
	types of activities carried out.
	2. The student has the ability to characterize the organization's
	goals in the context of making effective decisions in the case of
	various variants of managerial decisions.
	Social competence:
	1. The student is able to communicate effectively with the
	environment and to convince people of their reasons - they can
	cooperate and work in a group, but also have the necessary
	analytical skills to implement assumptions in the enterprise
	management process. Is willing to express opinions and convey
	his knowledge using various media.
Pre-requisites	Completing the course assumes having basic knowledge of
	management, marketing and economics.
Course contents	The lectures include:

	Issues related to contemporary trends in the field of organization management. First of all, modern management concepts in practice are presented, with emphasis on economic analysis tools supporting managerial decision-making in enterprises, including in conditions of uncertainty and incomplete information. The issues discussed concern the types of management games and the goals they pursue, as well as a description of the game's elements and participants. The methods of educating managers are defined, as well as the characteristics of the concept of simulation and simulation models. The classes include: During the exercises, students, divided into groups, play a selected game, which may be an instruction to perform a task,
	or a board on which, according to the instructions, specific actions, decisions or operations must be performed. Another form is exercises in the form of case studies or computer games.
References	Riis J.O. Simulation Games and Learning in Production Management, 2016, Springer US Adams E. Fundamentals of Construction and Simulation Game Design,, 2013, Pearson Education Teachers' own materials Game instructions licensed by GrowinGame.pl
Teaching methods	Discussing issues based on diagrams and illustrations, presenting selected phenomena using didactic models. Work in groups using boards, case studies or other dedicated teaching materials. Solving practical problems in the field of organization management, working in small groups, discussion in the forum of the entire exercise group.
Assessment methods	Ways of verifying the achieved learning outcomes: Knowledge: K1- Observation of the student and discussion of the result of his/her actions when solving decision-making problems, K2 – Participation in a discussion during classes checking knowledge of the problems of contemporary managerial management. Skills: S1. Participation in group exercises, participation in group discussions. S2. Class work, completed with a report on the management game - checking knowledge of contemporary management problems - carried out during each class ending the game stage. Social competence: SC1. Participation in team exercises during classes, oral answers during classes, activity.
ECTS credits balance	Forms of documenting the achieved results: Game reports, worksheets, teacher's journal - participation in lectures – 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS - participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS - participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS - preparation for classes – 3 hours / 0.12 ECTS The total student workload is 50 hours which corresponds to 2 ECTS points.
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in lectures – 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS - participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS - participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS Total 47 hours which is 1.88 points. ECTS

Relation of course learning outcomes to the	_
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 - ZI_W02
	S1 - ZI_U01 S2 - ZI_U04, ZI_U09
	SC1 - ZI_K03, ZI_K05

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Simulation management games
Language	English
Type of the course	elective
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	2 (1.88/0.12)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	PhD. Monika Stoma, associate professor
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Power Engineering and
	Transportation/Subdepartment of Logistic and Business
	Management
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide students with knowledge of
	contemporary trends in management. The aim is to effectively
	analyze difficult decision-making situations, formulate
	appropriate questions and conclusions, make the best decisions
	(situational method), guess and understand the positions of
	people involved on both sides of conflict situations and solve
	them through skilful negotiations, quick access and collection
	of appropriate data and information, their analysis and drawing
	conclusions to make optimal decisions (case analysis method).
	In addition, the aim is to develop the ability to use basic
	optimization tools in solving managerial problems and formulating conclusions regarding ongoing economic
	processes, especially planning.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
Learning outcomes	1. The student understands and is able to recognize the
	processes and phenomena taking place in the organization and
	characterize the processes of planning, decision-making,
	organizing work processes and the use of control processes, and
	use basic functions to simulate various solutions and decisions
	during management games.
	2. The student has the knowledge to define, describe and
	explain management problems and is able to explain the basic
	issues of planning and decision-making in various operating
	conditions of modern organizations requiring an
	unconventional approach in accordance with the implemented
	simulation variant.
	Skills:
	The student is able to use the information obtained, analyze the
	internal and external environment of the organization, indicate
	the goals of enterprises due to the specificity of the types of
	activities carried out.
	2. The student has the ability to characterize the organization's
	goals in the context of making effective decisions in the case of
	various variants of managerial decisions.
	Social competence:
	1. The student is able to communicate effectively with the
	environment and to convince people of their reasons - they can
	cooperate and work in a group, but also have the necessary
	analytical skills to implement assumptions in the enterprise
	management process. Is willing to express opinions and convey
Due no suicite s	his knowledge using various media.
Pre-requisites	Completing the course assumes having basic knowledge of
Course contents	management, marketing and economics.
Course contents	The lectures include:

	Issues related to contemporary trends in the field of organization management. First of all, modern management
	concepts in practice are presented, with emphasis on economic analysis tools supporting managerial decision-making in
	enterprises, including in conditions of uncertainty and incomplete information. The issues discussed concern the types
	of management games and the goals they pursue, as well as a
	description of the game's elements and participants. The
	methods of educating managers are defined, as well as the
	characteristics of the concept of simulation and simulation models. Classifications of management simulation games are
	presented, as well as the effectiveness of didactic simulation
	games.
	The classes include:
	During the exercises, students, divided into groups, play a selected game, which may be an instruction to perform a task,
	or a board on which, according to the instructions, specific
	actions, decisions or operations must be performed. Another
	form is exercises in the form of case studies or computer
References	games. 1. Riis J.O. Simulation Games and Learning in Production
	Management, 2016, Springer US
	2. Adams E. Fundamentals of Construction and Simulation
	Game Design,, 2013, Pearson Education 3. Teachers' own materials
	4. Game instructions licensed by GrowinGame.pl
Teaching methods	Discussing issues based on diagrams and illustrations,
	presenting selected phenomena using didactic models. Work in
	groups using boards, case studies or other dedicated teaching materials. Solving practical problems in the field of
	organization management, working in small groups, discussion
	in the forum of the entire exercise group.
Assessment methods	Ways of verifying the achieved learning outcomes: Knowledge:
	Khowledge. K1- Observation of the student and discussion of the result of
	his/her actions when solving decision-making problems,
	K2 – Participation in a discussion during classes checking
	knowledge of the problems of contemporary managerial
	Management. Skills:
	S1. Participation in group exercises, participation in group
	discussions.
	S2. Class work, completed with a report on the management game - checking knowledge of contemporary management
	problems - carried out during each class ending the game stage.
	Social competence:
	SC1. Participation in team exercises during classes, oral
	answers during classes, activity.
	Forms of documenting the achieved results:
ECTS and its halour	Game reports, worksheets, teacher's journal
ECTS credits balance	 participation in lectures – 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS
	- preparation for classes – 3 hours / 0.12 ECTS
	The total student workload is 50 hours which corresponds to 2
Workload related to classes requiring the	ECTS points participation in lectures – 15 hours / 0.60 ECTS
direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in electrics – 13 hours / 0.00 ECTS - participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS

	Total 47 hours which is 1.88 points. ECTS
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 - ZI_W02
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 - ZI_W02
	S1 - ZI_U01
	S2 - ZI_U04, ZI_U09
	SC1 - ZI_K03, ZI_K05

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Quality Management System
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	3.00 (1.88/1.12)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Prof. Sławomir Kocira
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Machinery Exploitation and Management of
	Production Processes
Objective of the course	The objective of the course is to familiarize students with the
,	problems of implementing quality management systems in an
	organization. To learn the principles of selecting a quality
	management system and choosing the process of its
	implementation.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	K1. Understands the principles related to the application of
	quality management systems in organizations.
	Skills:
	S1. Is able to select an appropriate quality management system
	for the organization.
	S2. Is able to define the organization's needs related to quality
	management systems.
	Social competence:
	Sc1. Is ready to lead human teams and is aware of
	responsibilities and duties in this regard
Pre-requisites	No pre-requisites
Course contents	Introduction. Integrated quality control . Contemporary
	developments in the field of quality management . The role of quality control in the modern enterprise. Responsibility as a result of poor quality. Quality and standardization . The reasons for the introduction of standards for quality management systems. The development path of a series of ISO 9000 standards. Functional scheme of the company without / with the quality management system . Overview of the requirements of ISO 9000 , ISO 9001 and ISO 9004th The establishment of a quality management system. Prerequisites that a company must fulfill. Structure of the documentation. Implementation of documented system . Judgment and witnessing system. Internal judgment . The national system of accreditation. External independent judgment.
References	Goetsch, D. L., & Davis, S. B. (2016). Quality management for organizational excellence: Introduction to total quality. pearson. Tricker, R. (2019). Quality management systems: A practical guide to standards implementation. Routledge. Norms ISO 9001, 14000, 45001
Teaching methods	lectures, classes, group work, practical work
Assessment methods	K1 – final test S1 – final test, project S2 – final test, project Sc1 – final test

ECTS credits balance	- Lecture – 15 hours,
	 Classes - 30 hours.
	 Consultation - 2 hours
	 Classes preparation - 5 hours
	 Literature studies - 10 hours
	 Preparation for the colloquia - 13 hours
	Total student workload is 75 hours which equals 3.00 ECTS
	credits
Workload related to classes requiring the	Attendance in lectures - 15 hours; in classes - 30 hours;
direct participation of an academic teacher	consultations 2 hours. What amounts to 1.88 ECTS credits
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	Code for the modular effect - code for the specific effect
learning outcomes of the field of study	$K1 - ZI_W02,$
	S1 – ZI_U05, ZI_U08, ZI_U09
	S2 – ZI_U05, ZI_U08, ZI_U09
	Sc1 – ZI_K01

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Event marketing
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	4 (2/2)
contact)	
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Professor dr. Dariusz Dziki
the person responsible for the course	
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Thermal Technology and Food Process
8	Engineering
Objective of the course	Sharing knowledge about event marketing and organizing
3	various types of events.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge:
	1. Has knowledge of event marketing.
	2. Is familiar with model solutions for organizing events.
	Skills:
	1. Can organize events.
	2. Can prepare an event project.
	Social competence:
	Is ready to organize and lead team work.
Pre-requisites	Production management and services
Course contents	The lectures cover: Event marketing and event management.
	Types of events. Traditional business meetings and parties. Advanced business meetings and parties. Estimating the event budget. Preliminary plan and cost estimate. Organization and deadlines. Event location and transportation. Event design and scenography. SWOT analysis in relation to events. Invitations and staff. Local requirements. Sponsors. Event catering. Identifying potential threats. Competitive analysis. Code of conduct and formal standards. Reporting and analyzing results. Event cost sheets. Payment schedules. Psychology of events.
	The classes include: Planning, execution, and presentation of the event project.
References	Obligatory literature: Judy Allen. Event Planning: The Ultimate Guide To Successful Meetings, Corporate Events, Fundraising Galas, Conferences, Conventions, Incentives and Other Special Events 2nd Edition. 2000.
Teaching methods	- Lecture
_	- Discussion
	- Problem-solving
	- Utilizing instructional materials
Assessment methods	K1 - Written exam. K2 - Written paper. S1, S2 - Presentation and performance assessment. SC1 - Presentation assessment Methods of documenting the achieved results: exams, instructor's journal, problem-solving assignments, presentations.

ECTS credits balance		Contact	
	Form of lectu	re Number of hours	ECTS
	Lecture	15 h	0.60
	Classes	30 h	1.20
	Consultation	2 h	0.08
	Exam	3 h	0.12
	Total	50 h	2.00 ECTS
		No-contact	
	Preparation for	r exercises 35 h	1.40
	Preparation for		0.60
	Total	50 h	2.00 ECTS
	The total stude	ent workload is 100 hours	, which corresponds to 4
	ECTS credits		_
Workload related to classes requiring the	Participation in	n lectures - 15 hours.	
direct participation of an academic teacher	Participation in	n classes - 30 hours.	
	Participation in	n consultations - 2 hour.	
	Participation in	n quizzes - 3 hours.	
	In total, this a	amounts to 50 hours, wh	hich corresponds to 2.0
	ECTS credits.		
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 - ZI_W04		
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W01		
	S1, S2 – ZI_U	07	
	SC1 – ZI_K01		

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Management and Production Engineering Risk analysis and management
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-	4 (1.96/2.04)
contact)	T (1.70/2.0 1)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of	Dr Leszek Rydzak, assistant professor
the person responsible for the course	Di Beszek Rydzak, assistant professor
Didactic unit offering a course	Department of Biological Bases of Food and Feed
Diductic difft offering a course	Technologies
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to provide knowledge that constitutes
e agree of the eduration	broadly understood risk analysis and its role in management. In
	particular, this applies to risk identification, its estimation,
	evaluation and planning of responses to its occurrence
Learning outcomes	Knowledge, the graduate knows and understands:
	1. economic, legal and social issues that enable the description
	and analysis of the processes of production, in particular risk
	analysis. Student has the knowledge of risk management
	Skills:
	1. evaluate processes taking into account many aspects and
	situations and is able to analyze risks and take actions to solve
	expected problems in the future
	Social competence:
	1. act with awareness of the risk of various events occurring
	and is able to assess the effects of activities conducted in risky
	conditions
Pre-requisites	no entry requirements
Course contents	What is risk and what is the purpose of risk management. Risk
	management strategy. Risk diagnosis. Risk analysis and
	assessment. Risk monitoring. Risk register. Bad risk
	management practices. Good practices in risk management.
References	1. D. Galai, R. Mark, The Essentials of Risk
	Management, 3e. MCGRAW HILL BOOK CO, 2023
	2 D. Hillson, Diels Management Handle de Maran Dage
	2. D. Hillson, Risk Management Handbook. Kogan Page,
	2. D. Hillson, Risk Management Handbook. Rogan Page, 2016
Teaching methods	
Teaching methods Assessment methods	2016
	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies
	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes:
Assessment methods	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam
	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10%
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90%
Assessment methods	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Total – 49h – 1.96 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Total – 49h – 1.96 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Total – 49h – 1.96 ECTS credits Non contacts Literature study – 20h – 0.80 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Total – 49h – 1.96 ECTS credits Non contacts Literature study – 20h – 0.80 ECTS credits Preparation for classes – 20h - 0.80 ECTS credits
Assessment methods Elements and weights affecting the final grade	2016 lecture, discussion, case studies Learning outcomes: Knowledge – exam Skill – exam Social competence - exam Activity – 10% Exam – 90% Contacts Lectures - 15h – 0.6 ECTS credits Classes – 30h – 1.2 ECTS credits Consultations – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Exam – 2h – 0.08 ECTS credits Total – 49h – 1.96 ECTS credits Non contacts Literature study – 20h – 0.80 ECTS credits

	The total student workload is 100 hours. which corresponds to 4 ECTS credits
Workload related to classes requiring the direct participation of an academic teacher	Lectures - 15h Classes - 30h Consultations - 2h
	Exam – 2h Total – 49h
Relation of course learning outcomes to the learning outcomes of the field of study	Knowledge 1 – ZI_W02 Skills 1 – ZI_U09 Social competence 1 – ZI_K04

The name of the field study	Management and Production Engineering
Course title	Diploma Seminar 2
Language	English
Type of the course	obligatory
Level of study	Second-cycle studies
Form of study	S – full-time
Year of study	II
Semester of study	3
Number of ECTS credits (contact/non-contact)	2 (1.28/0.72)
Academic title/degree, name and surname of the person responsible for the course	Vice-Dean of the Faculty of Production Engineering
Didactic unit offering a course	Faculty of Production Engineering
Objective of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the methodology of carrying out scientific and research work, in particular formulating the topic of work in relation to a specific research problem, defining research hypotheses, the main goal and specific objectives of the work, and selecting an appropriate research method. During the seminar, the latest achievements in the field of master's theses are presented in the aspect of the thesis topic corresponding to the field of study.
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: 1. The student knows advanced methods and tools for analyzing and presenting data in the field of management and production engineering in the scope of the subject of the master's thesis.
	 The student knows extended development trends and research methods of individual areas of the company's activity. Skills: The student is able to perform analyzes related to management and production engineering under the supervision of a research supervisor. The student is able to prepare written works in the field of management and production engineering.
	Social competence: 1. The student is ready to work in a group, organize and manage the work of teams (project, task, etc.) and organization in the work environment. 2. The student understands the need to acquire knowledge independently.
Pre-requisites	Previously completed study program.
Course contents	Types and examples of diploma theses, rules for presenting theses of scientific works. Description of the problem, editing of the remaining chapters of the work. Searching for source materials (databases, citation rules). The most common basic mistakes when writing diploma theses. Presentation of chapters of the work by the seminar participants and joint discussion under the supervision of the lecturer on the vision of the implementation of the master's thesis.
References	 The literature includes items related to the topic of the diploma thesis. The literature is agreed upon during consultations with the diploma thesis supervisor
Teaching methods	analysis and interpretation of the diploma thesis issues, discussion, presentations of completed work stages
Assessment methods	Ways of verifying the achieved learning outcomes: Knowledge: K1, K2 – knowledge presented during the seminar. Skills:

	S1, S2 – assessment of master's thesis chapters. Social competence:
	SC1, SC2 – assessment of students' work and oral statements. Forms of documenting the achieved results:
	Master's thesis chapters, teacher's journal
ECTS credits balance	- participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS
	- participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS
	- preparing chapters of a master's thesis – 13 hours / 0.52 ECTS
	- studying literature – 5 hours / 0.20 ECTS
	The total student workload is 50 hours which corresponds to
	2 ECTS points.
Workload related to classes requiring the	- participation in classes – 30 hours / 1.20 ECTS
direct participation of an academic teacher	- participation in consultations – 2 hours / 0.08 ECTS
	Total 32 hours which is 1.28 ECTS points.
Relation of course learning outcomes to the	K1 – ZI_W02
learning outcomes of the field of study	K2 – ZI_W08
	S1 – ZI_U07
	S2 – ZI_U10
	SC1 – ZI_K01
	SC2 – ZI_K05