Module code	M_WE_SEM7 PW 1E/2E SS ROŚ	
Field of study	Veterinary medicine	
Module name	Plant substances in prevention and therapy of animals	
	Substancje roślinne w profilaktyce i terapii zwierząt	
Language of instruction	English	
Module type	elective	
Level of studies	Long-cycle Master's Degree studies	
Mode of study	Full-time	
Year of study in the field of study	IV	
Semester of study in the field of study	VII	
ECTS credits, divided into contact/non-	1 (0.7/0.3)	
contact hours	1 (0.77 0.37	
Academic title/degree, name of the person	Dr hab. Beata Łebkowska-Wieruszewska	
responsible for the module	Di Hab. Beata Lebkowska Wieraszewska	
Unit teaching the module	Department of Pharmacology, Toxicology and Environmental	
one teaching the module	Protection	
Module objective	Acquainting students with basic definitions in herbal medicine,	
Wodule objective	principles of harvesting and quality assessment of plant	
	materials. Acquainting students with the knowledge concerning	
	the characteristics of species of plants and medicinal fungi	
	including their use as a source of pharmacognostic substances;	
	acquiring abilities to recognize species of medicinal plants	
	represented in the native flora and others commonly	
	encountered as domestic and garden plants; applying particular	
	plants, fungi and substances of plant origin in prevention and	
	therapy of animals. Developing competence in the informed and	
	responsible application of knowledge gained in the course.	
The learning outcomes for the module	Knowledge:	
include a description of the knowledge,	K1 Knows the basic definitions: plant raw material/substance,	
skills and social competences that the	groups of compounds, chemical compounds, biological activity,	
student will gain after completing the	pharmacological activity of plant raw materials, synergism and	
module.	antagonism between compounds present in a single plant and in	
module.	a multi-component plant drug.	
	K2 Understands the issue of variability of active compounds in	
	plants and effects resulting from it, knows the principles of raw	
	material harvesting.	
	K3 Knows medicinal plant and fungi species, pharmaceutical raw	
	materials, feed additives, dietary supplements, functional foods.	
	K4 Knows the effects of plants, fungi and substances of plant origin	
	on animal organisms at the body, tissue and molecular level.	
	K5 Is able to analyze information about plant raw materials in pharmacopoeias. Knows the terms: pharmacopeial and non-	
	pharmacopeial raw materials.	
	K6 Understands the purposefulness of using plant raw materials in	
	pharmaceutical industry,	
	Skills:	
	S1 Is able to define what is a plant material, an active compound	

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	S2 Is able to demonstrate that various types of interactions occur
	between compounds present in plants
	S3 Understands the purposefulness of appropriate behaviour
	during harvesting and assessment of plant raw material quality.
	S4 Can identify medicinal plants and fungi occurring in Poland
	and others commonly found as house and garden plants.
	S5 Can determine the indications and contraindications for the
	use of plant substances and fungi in animal prophylaxis and
	therapy and avoid the risks that arise from irresponsible
	consumption of medicinal plants.
	Social competences:
	C1 uses medicines of herbal origin in a responsible manner, and
	when choosing a medicine of herbal origin he or she is guided
	primarily by the patient's good
	C2 understands the progress of introducing new drugs of plant
	origin, independently finds information about new drugs of plant
	origin
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Prerequisites and additional requirements	-
Module programme content	Lecture topics:
	1. General knowledge, basic definitions (plant raw
	material/substance, groups of compounds, active compounds
	determining biological and pharmacological activity of plant raw
	materials), phenomenon of synergism and antagonism in plants,
	variability of active compounds, origin of plant raw materials,
	principles of collection, methods of identity testing,
	standardization, types of plant drugs, ways of their preparation.
	[3hrs].
	2. Presentation of data on raw materials of plant origin found in
	various pharmacopoeias. Pharmacopeial and nonpharmacopeial raw materials. [3hrs].
	3. Characterization of chemical compounds and substances found
	in plants and their applied importance (types of plant raw
	materials and basic methods of obtaining them). [3hrs].
	4. Review of higher plants and fungi that produce biologically
	active substances. Possibilities of using natural substances
	extracted from plants and fungi in prevention and therapy of
	animals. [3hrs].
	6. Characteristics of selected veterinary plant products used in
	the treatment and prevention of animal diseases. [2hrs].
List of core and supplementary literature	Core literature
, ,	1. Prajapati N. Purohit S., Sharma A., Kumar T., A handbook of
	medicinal plants. A complete source book, Agrobios (India),
	Jodhpur, 2012,
	2. A. Alberts i P. Mullen, Psychoactive plants and fungi.
	SUPPLEMENTARY LITERATURE:
	1) Kohlmünzer S., 2000r., "Pharmacognosy",
	2) Scientific articles
	1 '

Planned forms/activities/teaching methods	Lecture, multimedia presentations, grod discussion, preparation for the assessmuclasses	•	
Verification methods and ways of documenting the achieved learning outcomes.	Checking of knowledge is done in written form, after completion of all subject blocks. There will be one written colloquium per semester consisting of open and closed descriptive tasks and test tasks. The total points earned on the colloquium are expressed on a relative percentage scale, where 100% is the maximum number of points possible to gain on the colloquium. The scope of knowledge tested on the colloquium includes lecture topics. The basis for passing the module is obtaining a minimum of 51% of percentage points from the written colloquium. In addition, attendance at at least 85% of the classes in the module plan is required to pass the course. Percentage points from the colloquium are converted into grades according to the following scale: very good -91-100%., plus good -81-90% points, good -71-80%., plus sufficient -61-70%., sufficient -51-60%., insufficient -0-50%.		
ECTS credits	CONTACT		
		Hours	ECTS
	Lecture/exercises	15	0.6
	credit/Revision credit	3	0.1
	TOTAL contact hours	18	0.7
	NON-CONTACT HOURS		
	preparation for classes	3	0.1
	project preparation	2	0.07
	preparation for the exam	4	0.13
	TOTAL non-contact hours/ ECTS credits	9	0.3
	attendance at practical classes	15	0.6
	Consultations		
	credit/revision credit	3	0.1
	TOTAL with direct involvement of the teacher	18	0.7
Relation of module learning outcomes to major learning outcomes	K1 WE_W10+ K2 WE_W10+ K3 WE_W10+, WE_W13++ K4 WE_W10++ K5 WE_W10+, WE_W13++ K6 WE_W10+, WE_W18+ S1 WE_U12+, WE_U23+, WE_U25++ S2 WE_U12+, WE_U23+, WE_U25++ S3 WE_U12+, WE_U23+, WE_U25++ S4 WE_U12+, WE_U23+, WE_U25++ S5 WE_U12+, WE_U23+, WE_U25++ C1 WE_K1+, WE_K8+, WE_K 13+ C2 WE_K 6+, WE_K 13		

Elements and values affecting final grade	Module Assessment:
	Colloquium - 100% of weighting
	The basis for passing the module is obtaining a minimum of 51%
	of percentage points from the written colloquium.