Code of subject	M_WE_SEM2 ŁAC 2 ANG
Field of study	Veterinary medicine
Name of the training module including	Latin 2
the Polish name	język łaciński 2
Language of instruction	English/Latin
Type of the training module	Mandatory
Level of the training module	Long-cycle master's degree studies
Form of studies	Full-time
Location in the programme (year)	I
Location in the programme (semester)	2
Number of ECTS credits with a division	1 (0,6/0,4)
into contact/noncontact	
Name and surname of the person in	mgr Adriana Bolibok
charge	
Unit offering the subject	Foreign Languages Teaching Center and Certification
Aim of the module	The aim of the classes is to acquaint students with basic issues of
	inflection and syntax of Latin, with Latin medical terminology,
	with general rules of formulating diagnoses in Latin together with
	practising the skill of translating Latin texts.
Learning outcomes – the total number	Konwledge:
of learning outcomes may not exceed	K1.The student has got a basic knowledge of Latin grammar.
(4-8) for the module. The description of	K2. The student knows and understands the structure of Latin
the intended learning outcomes that a	terms.
student should achieve after the	K3. The student knows the Latin medical nomenclature
completion of the module should be	sufficiently to communicate with specialists in the field of
provided. The outcomes for all forms of	veterinary sciences.
classes used should be presented.	Skills:
	S1.The student is able to read a Latin text using the correct
	pronunciation including the vowel length and the accent.
	S2. The student is able to use medical nomenclature both
	passively and actively.
	S3. The student is able to translate a Latin text, and recognise
	basic grammatical forms.
	Social competences:
	SC1. The student is aware of the important role of learning all
	our life.
Preliminary and additional	They are not required
requirements	

the introduction to the language, Latin nouns and adjectives and their basic forms, Grammatical gender, Plural forms of Latin nouns, forms and functions of the Genitive case; Prepositions, common prepositional phrases Present indicative active and passive, Present imperative active et passive; Declensions:I-V, Comparison of adjectives, Adverbs, Verb to be, Cardinal and ordinal numerals, Indexing numerals and numerals adverbs from 1 to 20 and the specialist vocabulary within medical nomenclature: names of animals, anatomy: vocabulary connected with positioning of body parts, axial skeleton, names of bones, names of muscles, respiratory and lymphatic system, digestive system, urogenital system, nervous system and sensory organs, angiology, heart, arteries and suffixes in medical vocabulary, their origin and meanings, names of diseases (inflammations, progressive changes and neoplasia), forms of prescriptions and their component parts, common abbreviations of prescriptions and meanings, names of diseases (inflammations, progressive changes and neoplasia), forms of prescriptions and meanings, names of diseases (inflammatio		
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nouns, forms and functions of the Genitive case; Prepositions, common prepositional phrases Present indicative active and passive, Present imperative active et passive; Declensions:I-V, Comparison of adjectives, Adverbs, Verb to be, Cardinal and ordinal numerals, Indexing numerals and numerals adverbs from 1 to 20 and the specialist vocabulary within medical nomenclature: names of animals, anatomy: vocabulary connected with positioning of body parts, axial skeleton, names of bones, names of muscles, respiratory and lymphatic system, digestive system, urogenital system, nervous system and sensory organs, angiology, heart, arteries and veins, glands, skin, forms of medications, Greek and Latin prefixes and suffixes in medical vocabulary, their origin and meanings, names of diseases (inflammations, progressive changes and neoplasia), forms of prescriptions and their component parts, common abbreviations Recommended and obligatory reading list: 1. Tutor's materials: Latin texts, grammar and vocabulary exercises, materials prepared by the teacher. 2. Nomina Anatomica Veterinaria, VI Edition, International Committee on Veterinary Gross Anatomical Nomenclature, 2017 Recommended reading list: 1. J.Madej, M. Kandefer-Gola, Vademecum Pathomorphologicum et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław 2012	compact description	
common prepositional phrases Present indicative active and passive, Present imperative active et passive; Declensions:I-V, Comparison of adjectives, Adverbs, Verb to be, Cardinal and ordinal numerals, Indexing numerals and numerals adverbs from 1 to 20 and the specialist vocabulary within medical nomenclature: names of animals, anatomy: vocabulary connected with positioning of body parts, axial skeleton, names of bones, names of muscles, respiratory and lymphatic system, digestive system, urogenital system, nervous system and sensory organs, angiology, heart, arteries and veins, glands, skin, forms of medications, Greek and Latin prefixes and suffixes in medical vocabulary, their origin and meanings, names of diseases (inflammations, progressive changes and neoplasia), forms of prescriptions and their component parts, common abbreviations Obligatory reading list: 1. Tutor's materials: Latin texts, grammar and vocabulary exercises, materials prepared by the teacher. 2. Nomina Anatomica Veterinaria, VI Edition, International Committee on Veterinary Gross Anatomical Nomenclature, 2017 Recommended reading list: 1. J.Madej, M. Kandefer-Gola, Vademecum Pathomorphologicum et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław 2012		<u> </u>
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Committee on Veterinary Gross Anatomical Nomenclature, 2017 Recommended reading list: 1. J.Madej, M. Kandefer-Gola, Vademecum Pathomorphologicum et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław 2012		exercises, materials prepared by the teacher.
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1. J.Madej, M. Kandefer-Gola, Vademecum Pathomorphologicum et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław 2012		Committee on Veterinary Gross Anatomical Nomenclature, 2017
et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław 2012		Recommended reading list:
2012		1. J.Madej, M. Kandefer-Gola, <i>Vademecum Pathomorphologicum</i>
		et Latino-Anglico-Polonicum Lexicon Peculiarium, UWP, Wrocław
2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		2012
2. J. Morwood, A Latin Grammar, Oxford University Press		2. J. Morwood, <i>A Latin Grammar</i> , Oxford University Press
The intended forms/activities/ teaching	The intended forms/activities/ teaching	Teaching methods: a lecture, a group work, an individual work,
methods translation exercises	methods	translation exercises

Methods of verification and	There will be two shorts test and a bigger one final written test
documentation forms of the achieved	each semester.
learning outcomes	K1-continuous assessment written and oral students' tasks and
	written homework that is given to them
	K2-continuous assessment written and oral students' tasks and
	written homework that is given to them
	K3-continuous assessment written and oral students' tasks and
	written homework that is given to them
	S1-an assessment oral students' tasks
	S2-an assessment oral students' tasks
	S3-a written grammar and vocabulary test to measure students'
	knowledge in Latin medical terminology and different forms of
	nouns and adjectives
	SC1-an assessment students' preparation for classes and their
	activity during classes
	Documentation forms of the achieved learning outcomes:
	Mid-term written tests stored 1 year
	Teacher's register stored 5 years
	Assessment criteria are available in Foreign Languages Teaching
	Center and Certification.
Balance of ECTS credits	CONTACT HOURS:
	Participation in classes-15 h
	Participation in office hours-1 h
	TOTAL CONTACT HOURS: 16 h / 0,6 ECTS
	NON-CONTACT HOURS:
	Preparation for the classes: 10 h
	Preparation for the final test: 3 h
	TOTAL NON-CONTACT HOURS: 13 h / 0,4 ECTS
	There are 29 hours of the total student workload which is equal
	to 1 p. ECTS
Number of contact hours	-participation in classes-15 hours
	-office hours-1 h
	16 hours in total which is equal to 0,6 p. ECTS
Relationship between subject learning	K1-AW20+++
outcomes and veterinary studies	K2-AW20++
learning outcomes	K3-AW20++++
	S1-U-other+++
	S2-U-other+++
	S3-U-other+++
	C1-K8++

Impact of selected compounds to final grade

In order to complete the Latin course, each student needs to obtain a credit. A student is required to:

- 1. attend classes
- 2. take the test at the end of each semester and pass two the short tests. All tests need to be taken. A student who fails the test can resit it.
- 3. pass reading Latin texts

The final course grad eis the weight average of the written tests grades and reading in Latin. A minimum score of 60% must be obtained in each written test to pass the course.

Semester Test-with weight 3

Short Test-with weight 2

Reading-with weight 1

The scale of grades is as follows:

5.0 (Very good) 100%-95%
4.5 (Better than good) 94%-88%
4.0 (Good) 87%-80%
3.5 (Better than satisfactory) 79%-70%
3.0 (Satisfactory) 69%-60%
2.0 (Failed) below 60%