	M_WE_SEM8 CHKON 2
Field of study	Veterinary medicine
Module name, also the name in English	Diseases of horses. Block II
	Choroby koni – Blok II
Language of instruction	English
Module type	Obligatory
Level of studies	Long-cycle master's degree studies
Form of study	Full-time
Year of study in the field of study	IV
Semester of study in the field of study	VIII
ECTS credits, divided into contact/non-	10 (5.5/4.5)
contact hours	
Academic title/degree, name of the	Prof. dr hab. Zbigniew Grądzki
person responsible for the module	
Unit teaching the module	Sub-department of Andrology and Biotechnology of
	Reproduction, Department of Animal Reproduction, Department
	of Animal Surgery, Department of Internal Animal Diseases, Sub-
	department of Clinical Diagnostics and Veterinary Dermatology,
	Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Life Sciences in
	Lublin
Module objective	This module aims to familiarise students with the specificity of
	equine reproduction, diagnostics and treatment of fertility
	disorders and to provide theoretical and practical knowledge of
	basic equine surgical procedures as well as equine orthopaedics.
	ophthalmology, dentistry and dermatology.
The learning outcomes for the module	Knowledge:
include a description of the knowledge.	K1 The student has knowledge of the regulation of the sexual
skills and social competences that the	cycle in mares and the specificity of reproduction in mares, has
	I CYCIE III IIIales and the specificity of reproduction in mares, has
student will gain after completing the	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in
student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses
student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of
student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases
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student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases requiring surgical intervention in the country, has knowledge of the validity and methodology for performing orthopaedic, ophthalmic and dental procedures on horses K3. The student has knowledge of infectious and non-infectious
student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases requiring surgical intervention in the country, has knowledge of the validity and methodology for performing orthopaedic, ophthalmic and dental procedures on horses K3. The student has knowledge of infectious and non-infectious agents that cause skin lesions in horses and has knowledge of
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student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases requiring surgical intervention in the country, has knowledge of the validity and methodology for performing orthopaedic, ophthalmic and dental procedures on horses K3. The student has knowledge of infectious and non-infectious agents that cause skin lesions in horses and has knowledge of methods of diagnosing and treating skin diseases Skills: S1. The student is able to make an anamnesis and clinical examination for fertility evaluation, make a diagnosis of fertility
student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases requiring surgical intervention in the country, has knowledge of the validity and methodology for performing orthopaedic, ophthalmic and dental procedures on horses K3. The student has knowledge of infectious and non-infectious agents that cause skin lesions in horses and has knowledge of methods of diagnosing and treating skin diseases Skills: S1. The student is able to make an anamnesis and clinical examination for fertility evaluation, make a diagnosis of fertility disorders in horses and apply an appropriate treatment, is able to
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student will gain after completing the module.	knowledge of recognition and treatment of fertility disorders in horses K2. The student has knowledge of the causes and principles of diagnosis and treatment of the most common clinical cases requiring surgical intervention in the country, has knowledge of the validity and methodology for performing orthopaedic, ophthalmic and dental procedures on horses K3. The student has knowledge of infectious and non-infectious agents that cause skin lesions in horses and has knowledge of methods of diagnosing and treating skin diseases Skills: S1. The student is able to make an anamnesis and clinical examination for fertility evaluation, make a diagnosis of fertility disorders in horses and apply an appropriate treatment, is able to perform basic obstetric and gynaecological procedures in mares, perform conservative and surgical birth assistance in mares, perform artificial insemination procedure S2. The student is able to perform a clinical examination for diseases requiring surgery, indicate appropriate additional tests, assist in surgical procedures and monitor the animal patient
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	Social competences:
	C1. Adheres to the rules of professional ethics
	C2. Has the habit of continuous improvement of knowledge and professional skills
	C3. Has the repertoire of interpersonal communication skills and is able to act in uncertain and stressful environment
Prerequisites and additional requirements	Passing the course Diseases of horses Block I

Module program content	Lecture topics (Equine reproduction)
	1. Development and recognition of pregnancy by the mare's
	body.
	2. Early embryonic mortality in mares.
	3. Pregnancy pathology in mares.
	4. Physiology of the postpartum period in mares.
	5. Postpartum disorders in mares.
	6. Neurohormonal regulation of the oestrous cycle, pregnancy
	and lactation in mares.
	7. Disorders of oestrus and the oestrous cycle in mares.
	8. Immunological and genetic causes of infertility in mares.
	9. Ovarian pathology in mares.
	10. Uterine inflammatory diseases in mares.
	11. Vaginal, uterine cervical and fallopian tube disorders in mares.
	12. Mammary gland disorders in mares.
	13. Postpartum management of the foal and health assessment of
	the foal in the early period of life, orphan foal rearing.
	14. Malformations and selected foal diseases.
	15. Equine reproductive biotechnology.
	1 Anotomy and physiology of the reproduction)
	 Allatomy and physiology of the reproductive system in mares. Clinical examination of the reproductive system in mares.
	(study plan)
	3 Evaluation of the phases of the gestrous cycle in mares
	4 Hormonal control of cyclic sexual activity in mares
	5. Evaluation of breeding suitability and insemination of mares.
	6. Physiological delivery and assistance with physiological
	delivery in mares.
	7. Management of difficult births in mares using correction and
	"by force" methods.
	8. Management of difficult births in mares using fetotomy.
	9. Caesarean section in mares.
	10. Management of the mare after surgical procedures on
	reproductive organs.
	11. Surgical treatment of postpartum perineal injuries.
	Episioplasty. Rectovaginal fistula.
	12. Pregnancy diagnosis in mares. Management of twin
	pregnancies.
	13. Diagnostics of diseases of the reproductive system in mares
	(collecting material for microbiological and cytological tests,
	endometrial biopsy).
	14. Endoscopy of the mare's dierus and ablation of endometrial
	15 Embruo transfer in mares
	Lecture tonics (Fourine surgery)
	1 Equipe onbthalmologic conditions part 1 and part 2
	 Equine opininal mologic conditions part 1 and part 2 Surgical diseases of the equine head region
	3 Surgical diseases of the equine upper respiratory tract
	4. Surgical diseases of the withers and neck region
	5. Surgical treatment of wounds in horses
	6. Surgical diseases of the equine urinary system
	7. Treatment of tendon injuries in horses
	8. Surgical treatment of colic in horses part 1 and part 2
	9. Treatment of long bone fractures in horses
	10. Selected orthopaedic diseases of the thoracic limb in
	horses
	11. Selected orthopaedic diseases of the pelvic limb in horses

12. Selected diseases of the hoof
13. Dentistry and dental diseases in horses
Topics of classes (Equine Surgery)
1. Examination plan, introduction to the course, organisational
matters
2. Orthopaedic examination plan, equine orthopaedic
examination
3. Equine ophthalmic diagnosis
4. Diagnostic anaesthesia
5. Peripheral nerve palsies
6. Preparing the horse for radiographic examination. Performing
X-rays on horses
7. Radiographic evaluation of traumatic lesions in horses.
8. Treatment of wounds in horses
9. Treatment of internal and abdominal hernias.
10. Stallion castration, cryptorchid castrations, complications
after castration
11. Equine orthopaedic examination - practical examination,
ultrasound, function tests part 1
12. Equine orthopaedic examination - hands-on examination,
ultrasound, function tests 12 . Equine orthopaedic examination -
practical examination, ultrasound, function tests part 2
13. Hoof cleaning, treatments for the hoof, orthopaedic shoeing
14. Diseases of the hoof
Lecture Topics (Veterinary Dermatology)
1. Allergic diseases of horses (atopy, food allergy,
hypersensitivity to insect bites/stings, urticaria)
2. Equine autoimmune diseases, equine parasitic diseases
(scables infestations, insect infestations, fungal diseases)
Topics of Classes (Veterinary Dermatology)
1. Principles of diagnostic testing of equine diseases, clinical
examination, specificity of skin lesions in horses and
additional tests in diagnostic testing of skin diseases
2. Principles of treatment of skin diseases – allergic diseases
(food allergy, hypersensitivity to insect bites/stings,
atopy), autoimmune diseases (pemphigus, lupus,
immunological vasculitis) ectoparasitic invasions,
mycoses, hormonal dermatoses, bacterial complications

List of core and supplementary	Primary literature (Equine reproduction)
literature	1 Dietz O. Huskamp B.: Clinical practice: Horses
	2 Noakes D. Parkinson T. England G : Arthur's Veterinary
	Penroduction and Obstatrics, 2001
	2 Singer D.L.: Dethyays to programsy and parturation 1000
	5. Singer P.L. Pathways to pregnancy and parturation. 1995.
	Additional Literature (Equine Reproduction)
	1. Samper J.C.: Equine breeding management and Artificial
	Inseminations. 2009.
	2. Wilson D.A., Kramer J., Constantinescu G.M., Branson K.R.:
	Manual of equine field surgery. Elsevier, 2006.
	4. Current professional journals
	Primary literature (Equine surgery)
	1. Dietz O, Huskamp B. Clinical practice: Horses
	Additional literature (Equine surgery)
	1. Publications indicated by the class instructor in the field of
	discussed educational content
	2. Wilson D.A., Kramer J., Constantinescu G.M., Branson K.R.:
	Manual of equine field surgery. Elsevier, 2006.
	Primary literature (Equine dermatology)
	1. Scott D.W., Miller H.W.: Equine Dermatology. Saunders,
	Elsevier Science, 2003
	2. Lloyd D. H. , Littlewood J. D. , Craig J. M. , Practical horse
	dermatology
	Additional literature (Equine dermatology)
	1. Current professional journals
Planned forms/activities/teaching	Lectures, recitation sections, laboratory and hand-on classes,
methods	field practice, demonstrations and practical demonstrations,
	consultations
Verification methods and ways of	K1, K2, K3 – current student assessment during classes, written
documenting the achieved learning	course completion assessment. The theoretical part of the course
outcomes.	in equine reproduction is passed after the completion of lectures
	and classes; the credit has a written form – a test. The test includes
	50 closed-ended and semi-open-ended questions. The minimum
	credit threshold is 30 points, i.e. (60%) correct answers. At values
	below this threshold, the student will receive a failing grade (2.0)
	Scale of grades as follows:
	0-33 nts - 3.0 (sufficient
	34-37 nts -3.5 (sufficient nlus)
	38-41 pts. = 4.0 (good)
	42-45 pts 4.5 (good plus)
	46-50 pts 5.0 (very good)
	Credit for the theoretical part of equine surgery is given in written,
	descriptive and test form. Test credit is practiced for equine
	ophthalmology. The test set contains 20 single-choice questions.
	The test scoring rules are as follows:
	20 pts 5.0
	18-19 pts. – 4,5
	16-17 pts. – 4,0
	14-15 pts. – 3,5
	12-13 pts. – 3,0
	9-11 pts. – 2,5
	10 pts. and below - 2,0

A written formula of 6 open-ended descriptive questions is practiced for credit of theoretical material in operative surgery.
The rules of evaluation and the grading scale are in accordance
with the provisions of the Book of Education Quality. In addition,
students in groups of several prepare detailed descriptions of
selected equine surgical procedures. Such descriptions are
considered a medical history.
The theoretical part of veterinary dermatology is passed in a
single-choice test. The test set contains 50 questions. The
minimum credit threshold is 30 points, i.e. (60%) correct answers.
At values below this threshold, the student will receive a failing
grade (2.0). Scale of grades as follows:
30-33 pts 3.0 (sufficient)
34-37 pts 3.5 (sufficient plus)
38-41 pts. – 4,0 (good)
42-45 pts 4.5 (good plus)
46-50 pts 5.0 (very good)
S1, S2, S3 - Observation and assessment of student's practical skills
during practical credit. Practical credit for equine reproduction
takes place in the Department's exercise room using the necessary
instrumentation, apparatus and dead fetuses or isolated
reproductive organs of mares. The instructor will assign the
student one of the tasks listed below:
1. Independent preparation of instrumentation for the
instrumentation for the fetotomy procedure
2. Performance of manual correction of abnormal fetal
postures, positions and alignments
3. Independent performance of the fetotomy procedure
4. Evaluation of reproductive organs of mares using
ultrasound examination and collection of material for
cytological and bacteriological tests from endometrium
5. Performance of vulvar and perineal plasty in cases of
injury during a severe delivery
During the task, the instructor observes the student and notes
steps in the procedures that are performed incorrectly or
maccurately. The task is followed by a summary of the procedure
with an indication of its strengths and weaknesses. A positive or
student's involvement and the correctness and accuracy of the
tack in order to obtain a positive final mark the student must
cask. In order to obtain a positive final mark the student must
successionly pass the theoretical part (test) and the practical part.
Verification of practical skills of students in the course Equine
Surgery is based on observation while performing veterinary
medicine procedures under the supervision of the instructor. The
evaluation is given during a clinical examination performed on a
live animal or on phantoms. The grading scale is consistent with
the book of Education Quality. A student's correct completion of a
reviewed includes but is not limited to examination of the barse
in motion, oral examination surgical table preparation etc.
Practical credit is recorded in the day one skills log.
Practical credit in veterinary dermatology consists in the student
performing a clinical dermatologic examination and additional

	tests. The grade for the practical exam is determined by the instructor using the traditional grading scale. The final grade in veterinary dermatology is the arithmetic mean of the grades from both parts, i.e. theoretical and practical. Final grades are entered into the records according to the following scale:
	Grade point average for the theoretical and practical parts: from 2.0 to 2.75 - unsatisfactory from 2.76 to 3.25 - sufficient from 3.26 to 3.75 - sufficient plus from 3.76 to 4.25 - good from 4.26 to 4.75 - good plus from 4.76 to 5.0 - very good The weighting of the partial grades in relation to the final grade is distributed symmetrically and is 50% each.
	C.1, C.2, C.3 Observation and evaluation of the student's attitude during didactic classes. The student is evaluated by analyzing his/her approach to the pet owner, ability to converse with the owner, ability to work with other veterinarians and the ability to make decisions and act under stress.
ECTS credits	 Contact Participation in lectures - 60 hours. (2.07 ECTS) Class attendance - 90 hours (3.09 ECTS) Participation in consultations connected with preparation for the credit - 5 hrs. (0.17 ECTS) Attendance for partial credit - 5 hours. (0.17 ECTS) Non-contact Preparation for laboratory classes - 50 hrs. (2.5 ECTS) Preparation for partial credit - 20 hrs. (1.0 ECTS) Study of professional literature - 20 hrs. (1.0 ECTS)
The workload of activities that requires direct participation of an academic teacher	 Participation in lectures - 60 hours. (2.07 ECTS) Class attendance - 90 hours (3.09 ECTS) Participation in consultations connected with preparation for the credit - 5 hrs. (0.17 ECTS) Attendance for partial credit - 5 hours. (0.17 ECTS) Total 160 hours - 5.5 ECTS

Relation of module learning outcomes	K1 - WE_W17 +++
to course learning outcomes.	K1 - WE_W18 +++
-	K1 - WE_W19 +++
	K1 - WE_W21 +++
	K2 - WE_W17 +++
	K2 - WE_W18 +++
	K2 - WE_W19 +++
	K2 - WE_W21 +++
	K3 - WE_W17 +++
	K3 - WE_W18 +++
	K3 - WE_W19 +++
	K3 - WE_W21 +++
	S1 - WE_U14 +++
	S1 - WE_U16 +++
	S1 - WE_U19 +++
	S1 - WE_U25 +++
	S2 - WE_U14 +++
	S2 - WE_U16 +++
	S2 - WE_U19 +++
	S2 - WE_U25 +++
	S3 - WE_U14 +++
	S3 - WE_U16 +++
	S3 - WE_U19 +++
	S3 - WE_U25 +++
	C1 - WE_K2 +++
	C2 - WE_K5 +++
	C2 - WE_K6 +++
	C2 - WE_K7 +++
	C3 - WE_K10 +++
Elements and values affecting the final	The pass mark for Equine Diseases, Block II is the arithmetic
grade	mean of the grades obtained from equine reproduction, equine
	surgery and equine dermatology. This grade is then taken into
	account when calculating the final exam grade, which is the
	arithmetic mean of the partial passing grades earned in each
	discipline. The weighting of the Block II grade is 50%.