M_WE_SEM3_ŻYW
Veterinary medicine
Animal nutrition and feedingstuffs
Żywienie zwierząt i paszoznawstwo
English
Obligatory
Long-cycle master's degree studies
Full-time
II
III
4 (2.7/1.3)
Dr hab. E. Kowalczuk-Vasilev
Institute of Animal Nutrition and Bromatology
To familiarise students with the physiology of nutrition, the role
of nutrients in animal nutrition, norms and recommendations for
animal nutrition and the nutritional value of animal feedstuffs,
rations and compound feeds; to develop the ability to make
decisions about proper nutrition and to critically evaluate animal
nutrition.
Knowledge:
K1. Student has knowledge of the physiology of digestion and
nutrient metabolism occurring in the body and their effects on
the animal system,
K2. Student has knowledge of the metabolism and energy
metabolism in the animal body and the nutritional value of feedstuffs, the role of feed additives and the harmfulness of anti-
nutritional factors - ANFs
K3. Student understands the recommendations for the standards
for individual animal species including nutrients, knows the
principles of ration formulation and analysis
Skills:
S1. Student is able to make calculations and assess the nutritional
value of a compound feed or ration, assess the principles of
ration formulation and analysis
S2. student is able to assess the diet in relation to the standards
and dietary recommendations and assess the cause of metabolic
diseases; student is able to take and secure samples for examination and perform standard laboratory tests as well as
correctly analyse and interpret laboratory results
Social competences:
C1. student is aware of the impact of feeding on production
effects and animal health and is able to share his/her knowledge
outside the academic environment (on farms, among
veterinarians and farmers)

	C2. Student is willing to constantly deepen his/her knowledge in the field of influence of various nutritional factors on the functioning of animal organism, using objective sources of information;
Prerequisites and additional requirements	

Module program content

Lectures:

Composition and metabolism of basic nutrients. Utility in animal nutrition. Vitamins, minerals; division, role in metabolism, physiological vs. nutritional needs. Digestibility of feed nutrients. Goals of determining digestibility, methods. Metabolic and energy metabolism. Valuation systems for monogastric and ruminant feed. Influence of feed ingredients on the quality of food of animal origin. Concentrated feeds, antinutritional substances in feed. Feed additives, legal conditions forbidding the use of certain additives. Dietetic and health-promoting effects of feed on the animal organism. Components of ration standardisation, animal feeding systems and technologies. Animal feeding systems. Feeding patterns for farm animals and pets. Feeding of animals during reproduction, gestational anabolism. Nutritional management during rearing time. Principles of nutrition of ruminants (cattle, sheep, goats), horses, pigs, poultry and dogs and cats. Nutritional prevention of metabolic disorders. Reducing energy, protein and mineral deficiencies in rearing and reproduction.

Practical classes:

Sampling rules for analysing nutrients, unauthorised substances, chemical residues, biological residues, animal and medicinal products in their excreta, animal products, food, drinking water and feed. Laboratory methods of analysis for the determination of the content of essential components in feed. Calculation of the digestibility of feed nutrients. Calculation and interpretation of the metabolism and energy balance. Stages of energy metabolism in the animal body, calculation of the calorific value of feed for cattle, pigs, poultry and dogs and cats. Energy-protein ratio in feed. Calculation and interpretation of indicators for evaluating the biological value of feed protein. Identification and evaluation of roughage and concentrated feed. List of the most commonly used additives in animal feed. Assessment of contaminants in feed. Practical evaluation of feed and compound feed and the direct assessment of their nutritive value comparison of methods using dedicated scales and tools. Practical balancing of rations for various species and production groups of animals. Ration structure depending on the production stage, computerised ration formulation in production groups. Analysis of ration reports for ruminants, pigs and poultry. Current systems in Poland and in the world (patterns and systems of balancing ruminant nutrition: traditional, NRC, DLG, INRA). Seasonal patterns, transition periods). Dietetic and healthpromoting effects of feed on the animal organism.

List of core and supplementary	1. Feeding recommendations and standards for specific animal
literature	species.
	2.McDonald P. et al.: Animal nutrition. Pr. Hall, 2012.
	3. Larbier M., Leclerq B. : Żywienie drobiu. PWN, Warszawa, 1992.
	4. Scientific articles on animal nutrition and feed science
	5. Feed programs, with ration balancing and herd feeding in
	practice, based on NRC, INRA and DLG: Winwar, Winpasz, INRA-
	tion, Winmix, Win-Pasze, OptiPasz
Planned forms/activities/teaching	Lecture, multimedia presentations, virtual laboratory, digestibility
methods	and balance calculations, preparation of compound feed and feed rations, discussion, report from laboratory exercises.
Verification methods and ways of	Knowledge - K1- written test, K2- oral credit, K3- written test,
documenting the achieved learning	final grade - written exam.
outcomes.	Skills - S1- assessment of the ration development and defense, S2- assessment of the performance of the report and defense.
	Competences - C1 - participation in discussion, answer to
	questions at the beginning of each laboratory class, C2 -
	assessment of open format questions on tests,
	Final grade:
	3.0 - student demonstrates a satisfactory level of knowledge or
	skills when he/she obtains between 51 and 60% of the sum of points determining the maximum level of knowledge or skills in a given subject,
	3.5 - student demonstrates a satisfactory plus (3.5) level of
	knowledge or skills when he/she obtains between 61 and 70% of
	the total points determining the maximum level of knowledge or skills in a given subject,
	4.0 - Student demonstrates a good level (4.0) of knowledge or skills when he/she obtains between 71 and 80% of the total points determining the maximum level of knowledge or skills in a given subject,
	4.5 - Student demonstrates a plus good level (4.5) in knowledge
	or skills when he/she obtains between 81 and 90% of the total
	points determining the maximum level of knowledge or skills in a given subject,
	5.0 - Student demonstrates a very good level (5.0) of knowledge
	or skills when he/she obtains more than 91% of the total points
	indicating the maximum level of knowledge or skills in a given subject

ECTS credits	Number of contact hours:
	Lecture – 30 h – 1.2 ECTS credits,
	Classes – 30 h – 1.2 ECTS credits,
	Consultations – 5 h – 0.2 ECTS credits,
	Exam – 2 h – 0.1 ECTS credits.
	Total: 67 h – 2.7 ECTS credits
	Number of non-contact hours
	Preparation for laboratory classes –15 h – 0.6 ECTS credits,
	Preparation for tests – 5 h – 0.2 ECTS credits,
	Reading the recommended literature – 3 h – 0.1 ECTS credits,
	Preparation for exam – 10 h – 0.4 ECTS credits,
	Total: 33 h – 1.3 ECTS credits
The workload of activities that requires	Lecture attendance – 30 hours
direct participation of an academic	Class attendance – 30 hours
teacher	5 hrs. consultations
	2 hrs. examination
	Total - 67 h equivalent to 2.7 ECTS credits.
Relation of module learning outcomes	K1 - B.W13 +++;
to course learning outcomes.	K2 – B.W13 +++; B.W14 ++
	K3 – B.W14 ++; B.W15 ++
	S1 - B.U5 +++.
	S2 - B.U6 +++.
	C1 – K2 +++
	C2 – K7 ++
Elements and values affecting the final	It is possible to improve the final grade by:
grade	- obtaining a high mark in the practical classes,
	- active participation in the activities of the Animal Nutrition and
	Feedingstuffs club
	- developing an original presentation on a chosen area of animal
	nutrition and feedingstuffs